# THE RIO NEWS.

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RIO DE JANEIRO, MARCH 15TH, 1898.

Number 11\*

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CAPITAL . . . . £ 2.000.000

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RUA OUVIDOR, 45

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181. RUA DAS LARANGEIRAS, 181

This popular thick has been completely and thoroughly restored and has been provided with sanitary improvements of every description, brighting tarks, and brighten system of severage, finishing tarks, and the control of the properties of the propertie

#### The most comfortable Hotel

in the city. The haths have likewise heen improved. As before; particular pains will be taken to provide the puesls in this lotel; with a first-lens table, and with the best of service and attention. The electric train passes the dum'e every few minutes, making it the most convenient as well us the pleasantest Hotel in Rode Janetro.

#### ALPINE HOUSE HOTEL RUA DO AQUEDUCTO, 65

On the line of Sylvestre trainway, Santa Thereza, to be reached in 30 minutes from town.

to be roached in 20 intures from Lown.

Thishomes in highly recommended forths excellent position and mass, leantiful view of the far occur, every and islands, being similar of in the very samini of Santa Theresa hill, and entirely out of reach of Leva and madaria. It is therefore, a mass safe place for foreigners, tourists and new artivals.

The hotel is surrounted by heantiful parks, walks and a large florest.

The resourant and kitchen are first class.

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These-sees also a samptinous saloon and splendid table-werefor for langues.

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Excellent restaurant, always ready,

Finest wines and liquers. Numerous shower and warm baths. Purest air temperature bracing and invigorating. No health resort in the world is better. For further information apply vo

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#### RIVER PLATE ITEMS.

RIVER PLATE ITEAS.

—The Argentine government has negotiated \$5,000,000 of a locust bonds at \$0. Will they be used for war material?

—During the mouth of February there were registered in the civil registry of Buenos Airvs \$2,377 births, 46; marriages and \$93 deaths. There were also registered 33 recognitions of neterity. The quantity of water consumed during the mouth was \$2,945,733 cable metres.
—Paraguayan tobacco, although the quality leaves much to be desired, is attracting the attention of Cuban enigrants, several of whom are now settled in Paraguay, and are directing liver efforts to the manufacture of eigras, the quality of which is said to be quite up to the average.

their vilorits to the manufacture of eigurs, the quality of which is said to be quite up to the average.

—The Argentine government has called out the 20-year old mational enords of the 187 class to service. The mobilization will occupy oight camps in different parts of the constry the total number of men being 30,428 of white the 183-428 appearent in to the vuoscripts and the remainder to regiments of the line.

—The Argentine postmaster general, Dr Carles, who has been making binnelf so conspicuous in regard to discriminating telegraph taxes, recently fought a duvl in Buenos Aires with Dr. Herrras Vega and wanneld him twice. Ducking is forbidden by law, but this did not seem to have any influence on Dr. Carles.

dal not seem to have any influence on D7. Carles.

—The Argentine government has ordered the national buttery committee to pay the sum of \$125,000 every mouth to the committee of the Society of Beneficance, no matter what the profits of the compern may be; and only the balance is to be distributed among the other charitable institutions which are partly supported by this species of gambling.

—According to recent accounts received.

supported by this species of gambling.

—According to recent accounts received from Memloza, the vinevards are in splendid condition and promise abundant vintage, not only in quantity but also in the quality of the grape. The spring was normal; in summer the temperature rose gradually to jo degrees. Little if any damage was caused either by had or locusts—Avitere, Buenus Aires.

—The rying of the cattle business with

had ov locusts—Everer, Bucius Aires.
—The revival of the cattle lusiness with Brazil is causing some suisfaction. The City of Literaly is chartered by two trips with option of fone, from La Plata to Rio, carrying 1,00 steers each trip. For Swith Africa the Langton Grange is fixed to take 1,000 horses and 1,000 sheep in April. The March fixtures of cattle heats run to 75 of which 21 are for nevonato Kingsland and Cash, and 13 for Poster, Higgs & Cw.—Review, Buenos Aires, March 5.
—The patriotic inwagmont in Argentine

March 5.

"The petriotic inavenuent in Argentina seems to be taking important shapes, for not only have people come forward with their idulars for boying ships, but various entertakinnents are being prepared all wer the country for the some object. Several well known vishneiers have also offered to give horses and while for the range. Last, but not brast, the fair sex have taken an interest in temporate and are offering their services in various forms.

"The exposts of vattle from Argentina dur-

—The expurts of vattle from Argentian during the past three years, the table showing only the total and five of the principal destinations, were as follows:

		1895	1S96	1897
	Total	408,126	382,539	235, 12
ļ	Uruguay.,	158,663	1,311.949	62,53
į	Chili	97.417	6.1 707	54 92
	Brazil	So, 745	97.1159	24,61
	Balivia	17,270	6 627	5,64
	Great Britain	49.537	65.906	82,56
	"Place mermure	alment the	anominition.	of an

Great Britain. 49.537 65.906 82.565

—The vaniwas alwant the acquisition of another man of war for this country have brought forward several afters from Eritsh, and vanitional shipwailders. Messrs, Armstrang Mitchell and Co have now affected the government on trunclad of to, Soot tons for 4900, vost pounds, complete with armament, to be delivered in ten months. Messrs Laird's prive exceeded, it is said, a million was hundred thousand pounds. There are many who are of wpinion that instead of huying ships the fighting section of the government ought to law have a few regiments of cavalry and artillery but said to say they have not nearly coungle horses, yet they houst that they export for the British anny and foreign commerce. Why don't they provide themselves first and then talk of outside business afterwards. Perhaps, the seller prefers selling to the foreigners rather than to the government?—Times, Buenos Aires.

—We are rejoiced to see that the chief of mother than the chief.

ers rather than to the government?—Times, Buenos Aires.

—We are rejoiced tw see that the chief of police has at last decided to move in the unatter of carrying firearms and other deadly weapans in the city. It may be surprising to many to learn that there netually exists a regulation against this offence, and that it has been punishable for years. Yet they might rot to be surprised, for many of these regulations are apparently made sailely for the sike of appearances, to keep up a develves show of peacefulves in this our cultured capital. It is now proposed to impose a fine of \$50, wrifteen days' imprisonment for the carrying of urms, a second offence heing met by imprisument most occased with the surprised for the cases, and effect an improvement in the criminal record of the city. Only, it must be clearly understood that respectability of position is no excuse. If an eithered man, or even a deputy or ex-governor, infringes the law he is by all reasonable standards under position is no excise. If an entiretica man, or even a depty or ex-governor, infringes the law, he is by all reasonable standards much more guilty than au unclineated man, who p-rhaps knows no better. This is both good law and good scripture.—Retiew, Buenos Aires.

-The Pebruary receipts of the Montevideo enstond-house were \$767,590,53, which shows an increase over the same month's receipts last year.

an increase over the same month's receipts last year.

—Now that carnival is quite over, it is possibly to make up the glassily tate of murders mid disorders which have been due to the survival wf this burbarous institution. The number of crimes at this season is almost southled, and one can always count with confidence on a number of two in addition to the ordinary Sandary's tale. The number of personal assaults, many of them very serious indeed, reported to the police of this city, was 55, as compared with 60 in 1897. This is excensive of 4 murders, directly traveable to carnival delirium. For minor affences and breeches of the peace, not persons were arrested, or about half the number recorded has year. This confirms the opinion expressed by many, that the police did not exercise the vigilance they might have shown to prevent petty and amonying assaults.—Review, Buyoos Aires.

— Patriotic travails a is a translation of the

\$ 2,496,331
4.177.513
181,726
3.462.893
871,215
5.153.108
2,1175,690
990,736
\$ 19.412,216

Exports.			
Live stock			
Slanghter house products	26,834,868		
Agrivultural products	1,201,433		
Various products	405.631		
Other products	12,765		
Provisions for vessels	85.152		
Total	\$ 29,319,573		

#### Banks.

#### ONDON AND BRAZILIAN BANK, LIMITED.

Capitul		
Capital paid up		205,000
Reserve fand	**	600,000

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PARIS: 16, Rue Halevy. Rio de Janeiro :

No. 20, Rua da Alfandega.

Authorized by Decree No. 591, of 17th October, 1891

Subscribed capital. . . . . £ 1,500,000 

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000,000,1 3 ..... Idem paul up ...... 800,000
Reserve fund. .... 300,000 Reserve fund.

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and correspondents in ITALY.

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CAPITAL: Frs 10,000,000 Ten million Frances

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PARIS AN FRANCE

Cumin Bank of Lombor Limited Lombor Joint Sock Bank, Limited Part's Bank, Limited Lazard Brothers & Co 1 Henry Schroeder & Co, Kleinwart Sons & Co, A Kuffer & Sons

Dent sche Bunk, Berlin and correspor

GERMANA

dents
Inrighter Bank, Bresden, and correspondents
Direction der Bisconta Gesellschaft
Nordheinsche Bank in Handlurg
Schroeder Gehrinder & Co. Handburg
Courad Horich Honner, Handlurg
L. Behrens & Sons, Handlurg

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((pens accounts current)
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#### CLIMBING ACONCAGUA.

FITZGERALD'S VENTURE DESCRIBED. The London *Daily Chroniele* publishes the following interesting summary of Fitzgerald's plucky undertaking last year among the giants of the Andes. year among the giants of the Andes. The description was given in answer to a correspondent's questions, and it is therefore less connected than it will be in a written account of the expedition. After describing Fitzgerald and his undertaking, the interview continues as

"Give me," I said, "some kind of summary of the results of your expe-

" A summary," replied Mr. Fitzgerald, is necessarily a very dull thing. We reached Buenos Aires in November, tested our instruments at the observatested our instruments at the observa-tory at Cardoba, sent our porters and baggage forward to Mendoza, reached there ourselves on December 1, and after buying and hiring mules went to Punta de las Vacas, the last station on the Traus-Andean railway, on Decem-ber 6. For some time we were engaged in examining the base of Aconcagus in scales to discover the last side from in examining the base of Aconcagua in order to discover the best side from which to attack it. After a rough survey of the Vacas valley we moved up to a place called Pinente de Inca, and made this the base of our operations. and made this the base of our operations, as we found Aconcagua most accessible from the Horocones valley. In this valley we worked for five months, and from here we took our observations for the height of Aconcagua. An exact level across the whole country had already been taken by Mr. Lightbody, the chief engineer of the Trans-Andean railway, for the purpose of constructing that line. He started from high-water mark in the harbor at Buenos Aires, and continued his level across the continent to Punta de las Vacas. He is not only an engineer of great experience, but a

to Punta de las Vacas. He is not only an engineer of great experience, but a most exact and conscientious observer, and I was very fortunate in being able to induce him to join the expedition and remain permanently with me.

«From the end of Mr. Lightbody's level,» continued Mr. Fitzgerald, «well proceeded with our own, and carried it forward by a traverse of the whole valley on the barsubtense method, with a six-inch threadolite, checking all our a six-inch theodolite, checking all our measurements twice. We thus obtained measurements twice. We thus obtained the exact position of the mountain with reference to our fixed point, and we measured its altitude from each station

of the traverse

And what is the result? « And what is the result? « "We have not yet worked out the whole sum. As you see, » showing me several volumes filled with compact masses of minute figures, «there is a good deal of calculation involved, lant. good deal of calculation involved, lust after working out the results from five stations out of the sixty, each several miles from the other, we found that our error was not over 100 feet. At first, from barometer work, we thought the mountain was 24,000 feet or more, but we soon found that these results were unreliable. In fact, all our ancroids either broke or went out of order at from 17,000 to 10,000 feet. So far as we can at present tell, however, Acoa cagua is a trifle over 23,000 feet high."

What about the other mountains of the group? "

the group? "

" Four in all were ascended by the

a different sort of work from ice climbing. As you know, I myself did not get to the top of Aconcagun. For four-teen days and nights I lived in a small tent on the side of the mountain, above tent on the side of the monitani, above 19,000 feet, in intense cold and with a gale blowing. To get food and fuel up to that height was a very hard job, and it took two hours' work to light a fire. From there I tried several times fire. From there I tried several times to make the ascent, and on one occasion got within 1,000 feet of the top, but my stomach, after many misunderstandings, finally struck work, and I had to give it up. I might perhaps have struggled on when I saw the top of the mountain so near to me if I had realized that I should not be able to have another try. Happily, however, Mr. Vinc's splendid physique and courage were equal to the task \*n\* task

"What is it like to live at 19,000

et ( )

To be frank, it is devilishly uncourfortable. Von pant like a dying consumptive (then the dust, which smothers everything, gets into your throat and chokes yon; you cough exhaustingly and pant worse than ever. Every effort, however stight, entails a fresh effort of will, and your only desire in the world is to give up the whole thing and get down. High climbing, in fact, appears to you at that time to be the most insane and needless undertaking conceivable. When I was not climbing I just sat and wished I was dead. I was constantly sick. What is so heartbreaking, too, is that, awing to the soft surface, you have practically to climb the mount in twice over. The dust storms obternated the whole sky. Vines frozz his nose. The mountain streams were poisonous, owing to some chemical disadved from the surface, and gave us all acute diarrhea when we drank from one once. Rain never falls on the mountain. We had to carry all our water up to Nineteen Thousand Foot Camp, and of course it froze on the way and had to be thawed out bit by bit. But at times the view was indescribably splendid, and we could before us, though the coast line was a lundred miles away."

From a big tin box filled with the log-books, of which each member of the fortable. You pant like a dying con-sumptive then the dust, which smothers

From a big tin box filled with the log-books, of which each member of the Prom a big tin box filled with the log-books, of which each member of the party carried one and entered every detail of each day, Mr. Fitzgerald picked up the log of Mr. Vines when he was climbing one of the other mountains. It contained this passage, roughly written in peneil: "Wind like Niagara. Seems north-east. Tent almost blown down every minute. All kept awake for the rest of the night. Cold intense. Wind comes right through tent, sleeping bags, and all. We wake at about 6:30 and say nothing. Wind ontside tells us it is madness to go higher. No mortal could live in hurricane at zero. Minimum temperature last night, 5 degrees. Ancroid got slept on and went all wrong."

"We heard that the Germans of Chili tried without success to make the

Chili tried without success to make the ascent? "
"Well, I don't care to say much alaout that. My expedition was publicly amounced in England a year before 1 started, and every detail of our movements was known to all newspaper readers in South America. The Germans made their plans in absolute secrecy, only announcing them at the last moment, and then complained that I was invading their climbing territory. Of course, if I had known that they were planning to ascend Aconcagna, I should not have gone to the Andes at all." without notice 29%.

Without notice 3 months 49% 5 % 6% 12 % 20%.

Without notice 3 months 49% 6 % 19% 20%.

With motice 49% 49% 6 % 19% 20%.

It inserts 3.1d interine:

John Fol, Albert Cabaret.

Nectandra Amara Pills.

These wonderful pills, so useful and beneficial in all affections of the storaged and untestines, are obtainable in all places where a post-office exists; the mariafacturer will forward by registered mail and to any given autress. If accompanied by money 1 box for 25000, 4 dozen boxes for 1055000 and One dozen boxes for 205000.

Address JOAQUIM BUENO DE MI-RANDA, NO 74, Hua de S. Pedro, lat floor Bio de Janeiro.

The form in all were ascended by the sens was known to all newspaper readers in South America. The Germans and one by Mr. Vines climbed Aconeagua and an adjacent monntain of 19,000 feet, as yet un-named. It was invading their climbing territory. Of course, if I had known that they were planning to ascend Aconeagua, I should not have gone to the Andes at all. \*\*

Nectandra Amara Pills.

These wonderful pills, so useful and beneficial in all affections of the storach and intestines, are obtainable in all places where a post-office exists; the mariafacturer will forward by registered mail and to more and the plane of 19,000 feet, as yet un-named. It was invading their climbing that how that they were planning to ascend Aconeagua all. \*\*

Nectandra Amara Pills.

These wonderful pills, so useful and beneficial in all affections of the storage and the cimbing of June we were driven out of the valley by the heavy shows of an early winter. \*\*

\*\* How does the climbing of Aconeagua compare with climbing in the Alps, in Now Zealand, or in the Himalayas? \*\*

\*\* It is totally different. Owing. I suppose, to the violence and persistence of the wind. there is only snow upon the fundance of the wind. The plane is one thing. \*\*

\*\*Point of 4,000 Aconeagua in great patches. Therefore, in climbing it, one avoids these, and in climbing it, one avoids these, and in climbing it, one avoids these, and in cl

of the jagged pinnacles of ice, called by the natives 'penitentes.' The others just managed to save him from dashing down the precipice, and if he had fallen a couple of feet further to one side he would have been spitted on the great icicle, and we should have had to de-plore one of the most painful Alpine experiences on record. Some of our greatest discomforts were caused by the greatest discomforts were caused by the necessity to ford and re-ford the icy mountain torrents. Several times different members of the party were carried away by these, but always rescued, although we lost on one occasion a fully loaded baggage mule. Among other things he had on his back was the gun case containing my 12-bore Paradox. We recovered it later a long way lower down, after it had been in the water down, after it had been in the water and the sand for six weeks. I took it out, wiped the sand off, put two car-tridges in it, and fired it, the locks still working perfectly—a sufficient testi-monial to the excellence of Holland and Holland's workmanship.
« The mule drivers whom we were

obliged to employ were often a danger-ous set of nich, and on more than one occasion they had planned to do us an injury. In fact, one man deliberately waylaid me one night to murder me. After one of our rides two of our horses Arter one of our fittes two of our finess died simultaneously on arrival. Another time the horse I was tiding sank completely through the snow, leaving me standing on the two edges with the hole between my legs into which he had disappeared Some of our greatest auxicities were connected with Philip anxieties were connected with Philip Cosse, grandson of the famous naturalist and son of the man of letters. He worked devotedly, made admirable collections of flora and fauna; he discovered one or two quite new species of each, including a parasite hitherto entirely unknown which he discovered in the heart of a bird he shot, and altogether was a year, valuable, number of the exwas a very valuable member of the expedition. Through cold and exposure was a very variation member of the ex-pedition. Through cold and exposure he became ill, and we were dreadfully afraid he had pneumonia. Snow blocked the roads, and our only shelter for him was a little hut with a leaky roof, through which the drippings of the

the roads, and our only shelter for him was a little hut with a leaky roof, through which the drippings of the melted snow fell in rivulets during the day. We rigged up a waterproof covering over his bed, and moved him about on the floor out of the way of the drippings. We got him down all right at last, but it was an anxious time. As for Mr. Vines, I cannot overpraise his work and his devotion. He has his reward in holding the world's record for mountain climbing. "

« Did you get many photographs? "

« A thousand or so. We have as yet only developed a few of them, but have already a number of admirable pictures. Our most interesting ones will be those taken with the new Freuch surveying camera, which turns round and takes a complete pancrama. This Mr. Vines was able to work on a magnificent day from the very summit of Tupungato, thus getting upon a film 9 feet long what we hope will be one of the most interesting photographic records of high altitude." interesting photographic records of high

From U. S. Consulus Reports, for January.

NICARAGUAN DECREE AS TO COF-

NICARAGUAN DECREE AS TO COF-FEE PLANTERS.

Consul Wiesike, of Managua, under date of November 29, 1897, transmits a decree of the Nicaraguan government, published November 28, which makes preferred creditors of persons advancing money to coffee planters to move their crops. Consul Wiesike thinks the decree will prove a hardship to foreigners who hold mortgages on the plantations and tend to further complicate business conditions in Nica-ragua. Following is a translation of the de-cree:

Managua, November 26, 1897.

MANAGUA, November 26, 1897.

Sir. For your information and the consequences, I transcribe for you the following decree:

The President of the state, in consideration of the economic crisis which is afflicting the country and has placed the planters in a difficult situation, reducing many of them even to a such an extreme that they can not raise the necessary funds togather their crops; and in consideration of the fact that it is the duty of the government to procure for them the means in order that they may not lose their products, which are of a great benefit for private as well as public interests; and that in order to reach such result, it is necessary to

encourage capitalists by offering them better gnarmties for the funds they advance with the exclusive object of moving the crops, in the exercise of his powers issues the following degree.

gammates of the amore the crops, in the exercise of his powers issues the following decree:

ARTICLE 1. The capitalists who assist the planters by Ionus in advancing them the funds strictly indispensable to move their crops will enjoy the following privileges:

(a) From the product of the crop will have to be paid, in preference of any other debt, the whole sum that has been advanced to move the crop, with the interest, which shall not be more than 2 per cent monthly, for those who wish to enjoy this preference.

(b) The debtor can not dispose of his products without having first paid the money lender, or without hisexpressed consent.

(c) In case of contravention of the debtor regarding the measure laid down in the above paragraph, the alienation of the products in whatever form it may have been made, will by oid; and the money lender can prosecute them under the law, impeaching third parties (hollers) as accessories.

(d) In case of alienation of the products where the money lender has not been paid or has not consented, the debtor can be prosecuted under a charge of Inrecipy at the request of the party interested.

(e) Not mutil the principal and interest given mader these conditions have been fully paid into an extraction of the products where the nearly principal and interest given mader these conditions have been fully paid into each appear before the civil cond.

ART, 2. If any holder of a mortgage believes liminself to be injured by considering the sum advanced to move the crop excessive, he cali appear before the civil cond, show proof in contracts of the planter such for their bounds of the planter such to move the crop and the interest. From the decision of the judge, may be taken appeal to the court of appellations, without any further recourse.

ART, 3. The contracts for relief money, alwanced to move the crop, must be made out as public documents and must be recorded in records of real estate. The recorder will publish these records daily in the Dario Official.

ART, 4. Any previous existing the w

ART. 4 Any previous existing law to the ntrary of the present act is hereby abol-

contrary of the present decree goes into effect shed.

ART, 5. The present decree goes into effect with the that of its publication; information to be aubunited to Congress at its next session.

Given at Managna, the 20th day of Nov.

J. S. ZBLÁVA.

ERASMO CALDERON Minister of Justice.

From Financial News, Feb. 15

#### A NEW RUBRER COMPANY.

A NEW RUBRER COMPANY.

The Amazonas Rubber Estates, Limited, appears to-day with a capital of £360,000, half in ordinary and half in seven per cent. preference shares of £1 each. It should be noted in regard to these preference shares that, in addition to their dividend of 7 per cent, they are entitled to 25 per cent, of the balance of the net profits after 10 per cent, has been paid on the ordinary shares, and provision made, if necessary, for a reserve fund.

The new company will acquire and develop an india-mibber estate in the municipal district of Telfé, in the state of Amazonas Brazil, covering an area of about 87,680 acres. The estate is held in perpetuity, and, according to the prospectus, is most conveniently situated on the River Telfé, itself a tributary of the Amazon.

testate is neith in perpetuity, and, according to the prospectus, is most conveniently situated on the River Telfe, itself a tributury of the Amazon.

It has long been evident that the continuous growth of the cycle and kindred trades, leading to an increase in the consumption of rubber, must ultimately have a very cunsiderable influence on the price of that commodity—unless, indeed, some substitute could be invented. So far, nothing approaching a substitute has been discovered, and that the auticipations of a rise are being realised is shown by the fact that the average price of fine Pard rubber per pound in 1893 was 3, to 3s, 15d, while during 1897 the average quotation was 3s, 5d, to 3s, 7d, per pound. These facts may be put in another way by stating that the value of the rubber exported from Pard in the years 1850-81 was \$11,499,709, whereas in 1894-95 it was \$37,447,734.

At present it is only proposed to issue 100,000 preference shares and 100,000 ordinary shares of the Amazonas Rubber Estates, both at pr; and \$5,000 shares of the present issue are reserved for working capital. If it is added that there are, according to the prospectus, over 1,000,000 matured rubber trees ready for tupping, and that there is direct water communication from the estate to Manãos, and thence by regular steam liners to Europe and the United States, most of the facts necessary for the formation of a judgment upon this issue will have been recapitulated.

In the matter of the control of certain Chinese ports, the contest is between retrograde methods, as personified by Germany and Russia, and progress, as personified by Great Britain. The two former nations want the ports closed to all the world except themselves. Britain wants them kept open to all the world, and she has thrown the gauntlet down. She will fight if need be, but it will be in a noble cause. Let Germany and Russia have their way in the East for a few years and our commerce with the Orient would be past praying for, and it would not console us for the loss to know that we would have treated them in the same way at the instigation of our protectionists.—Merchants' Review, New York.

#### Travellers' Directory.

São Paulo-

São Paulo:

Though express trains leave the Central station daily at 5 n. m. mul 5 p. m.

Namerans steamers weekly for Santos, connecting with the San Paulo Railway.

Cachambu and Lambary:

Central Railway (São Paulo express) to Cruzeiro, thence by Almas and Ric Ruitray to destination.

Juiz de Fora. Barbacepaa, Ouro Preto, etc.

Through express trains leave Central statum daily ut 5 a m. mud 5 p. m. Cameets with all humeless along the main time diaxon to Caxtrao) of that cruitral, the first ramining through to barbacean, and the second to Ruitre Riss.

Bello Horisonte:

Trains leave station of General Carreiro, on main

Bello Horisonte:

Bello Horisonte:
Traiss leave stationard General Curnelin, en main the lattern utised train.
Petropolis:
Barca leaves the Prainin at 4 pm, daily, except Suniaps, and Indidays, to connect affit rathery at Mana. Passenges train leaves S. Brancisco Navier Sation (Central Rullway) in 7 am, and cot 5 pm, on all min) under possengers shandl take the simulation and limit under possengers shandl take the simulation of the properties of the properti

Peropolis II. 4 p.m., grining exertsionists anom. SN hunsin Perinciples.

Nova Priburgo:

Nova Priburgo:

Binea leaves the Pinga das Marinhus at 5,0 a.m., daily and at 3 m. on staintedays, in connect with the Leo, p.m., daily and at 3 m. on staintedays, in connect with the Leo, p.m., daily and at 3 m. on the leaves the priburgo at 25% p.m., daily, and at 6 n.m., on Mombins. Exemsion (rain heaves Maruhy at 3 m. on Mombins. Exemsion (rain heaves Maruhy at 3 m. on Mombins. Exemsion (rain heaves Maruhy at 3 m. on Mombins. Exemsion (rain heaves Maruhy at 3 m. on Mombins.) and a 1 m. on and a 1 m. on and a chiraling leaves Friburgo at 6 m. on and 1 m. on and 5 m. on the first continuing leaves the summit of 7,00 m. of you on m. and 4,400 m. of 7 m. on Sombids, and holdings. The 4,400 m. of 7 m. on Sombids, and holdings. The 55% 2.5% 4.6% 6.7 m. on p.m. Each Irain gives the exeminational but an hour on the summit gives the exeminational for the foregoing details that may be experienced and of ruble in no public automicentum brown leaves the stainted brown leaves the stainted

#### Official Directory

P. S. LEGATION.—Petropolis, E. H. CONGER Minister,

BRITISH LEGATION.—No. 1, Rua Visconde de Ha-hornby (tipposite Custom Hause). Petropolis, RDMFND C. H. PHIPPS, Minister. AMERICAN, CONSULATE PENTERAI, —No. 69. Run 1.0 de Marga, EUGENE SERIGER, Consul General.

BRITISH CONSULATE EENERAL No. 1. Rui Viscoule de Italiotaliy (opposite Custom House) WILLIAM G. WAGSTAFF, Consul General

#### Church Directory

HURCH OF KNGLAND—Unith further notice the Church uril be closed for requires. The services unti-the held every similar (seeeigh on the ast Smithy in the month) at twelve oclock, in the Methodist Episcopal Courte (kind) bent bargo to butter Baptisms and Marrages at times to be arranged with the Chaptan

TRVINE CRAWSHAW, M.A., British Chaplain. is Rua do Aqueducto.

HEVINE CRAWSHAW, M.A., Brible Chaplain, 68 Rus do Aquelicide.

IGREJA EVANUELICA FLI MINENSE «Rus Lauge de S. Josupus, No. 123—Denne servere in Portuguese un sundays. Payer meeting ful in fine; Reflighter and Sundays. Payer meeting in in fine; Serjidires, it § afternome. Group I preaching it 65 pan on Wednesdays. Biblient Sanly noil preaching it 65 pan on Wednesdays. Biblient Sanly noil preaching it 65 pan on Wednesdays. Biblient Sanly noil preaching it 65 pan on Wednesdays. Biblient Sanly noil preaching server. Thursday, 75,50 pan. Interaction, Server Thursday, 75,50 pan. Interaction, 50,7700; Jl. 10 nm. and 7 pan. Sundays (Finey meeting server Thursday, 75,50 pan. Interaction, 50,7700; Jl. 10 nm. and 7 pan. Sundays (Finey meeting server Thursday, 75,50 pan. Interaction, 50,7700; Jl. 10 nm. and 7 pan. Sundays (Finey Herkelt, San.) and 4 pan. Rev. FRANK WEIDERBURKER, San. and 4 pan. Rev. FRANK WEIDERBURKER, San. San. Alvarday C. Doß REIS, Pastor. Residence; Run Petragolis, 33.

RAPTIN'S CHIEKUL—No. 5, Run de Sant' Anim, Servece in Portuguese cerep Santday in 1 pan.

Servece in Portuguese cerep Santday in 1 pan. and cerep Weilersbay at 1 pan.

Caina 32.

Caina 32.

Caixa 352.

IGREJA PRESENTERIANA DO RIACHEVELO.—

NO. 333, Ran D. Anna Nery, E-stagilo do Riachuela.

No. 343, Ran E-Sana Nery, E-stagilo do Riachuela.

To an E-FRANKLIN II. N. J. N. J. MILLEY Conference of the Conference of the

#### Professional Directorn

Or William Prede ick Eisenlohr, German Phy-sician, Office; 78, Run General Camara, Consulting hours from 12 to 3 Jun.

hours from 12 to 3 p.m.

Englishmen and Americans wishing to learn and the inguese should apply to Proor L. Marchanyr, Run do Owidor, No. 95.

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#### HAND BOOK OF RIO DE JANEIRO

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situated in one of the healthiest and most attractive localities of this city, at a considerable elevation into the sen, and well within its own grounds. The grounds are last-faily histo out with malks, and strubbert, making it is must destrable place for convaie-sense.

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way with fever cases. The Hospital is specially recommended for surgical cases, because of its coolness and clenatiness, and especially because of its staff of trained unuses. Great success has thus far attended every operation in this Hospital.

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#### TWO GAS ENGINES

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#### Missing Friends.

Information wanted at the British Consulate General, No. 3, Rua General Camara, as to the tollowing Doruclas, John - of Dunkeld, Perthshire, Scotland, who left for fito about 1866 or 1893. Appears to have been employed on one of the railway lines. CONSON, JOHN-of COVENTY, Hagland. He left Rio for santos and Sao Paulo in February, 1862. Rio de Janeiro, December 2nd.

#### @RASHLEY & @O. 67, RUA DO OUVIDOR, 67 RIO DE JANEIRO,

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THE RIO NEWS.

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#### OLDEST AMERICAN CITY.

The Central American explorer, George Byron Gordon, contributes an article entitled "The Mysterions City of Hondarias" to the January Century. This gives an account of the recent

Into gives an account of the recent remarkable discoveries unde at Copan. Mr. Gordon says:

"Hidden away among the mountains of Hondmas, in a beautiful valley which, even in that little-travelled country. even in that little-travelled country, where remoteness is a chiracteristic attribute of places, is unusually secluded, Copan is one of the greatest mysteries of the ages. After the publication (in 1840) of Stephen's account of his visit to the ruins, which made them known for the first time to the world, the interest awakened by his graphic description, and the drawings that the interest awakened by his graphing description, and the drawings that accompanied it from the skilful peneil of Catherwood, relapsed; and until within the last decade writers on the subject of American archeology were dependent entirely for information con-cerning Copan upon the writings of Stephens, which were regarded by many with seepticism and mistrust. Not only do the recent explorations confirm the account given by Stephens as regards the magnitude and importance of the ruins, but the collection of relies now in the Peabody Museum is sufficient to convince the most sceptical that here are the remains of a city, unknown to history, as remarkable and as worthy of our careful consideration as any of the ancient centers of civilization in the Old World. Whatever the origin of its people, this old city is distinctly Ameriancient centers of civilization in the Old World. Whatever the origin of its people, this old city is distinctly American—the growth of American soil and environment. The gloomy forests, the abode of monkeys and jaguars, which clothed the valley at the time of Stephen's visit, was in great part destroyed about thirty years ago by a colony from Guatemala, who came to plant in the fertile soil of the valley the tobacco for which—much more than for the ruins—that valley is famous through out Central America to-day. They left the rnins—that valley is famous through-out Central America to-day. They left the trees that grew upon the higher-structures, forming a picturesque grove, a remnant of which still remains—a few cedars and ceibas of gigantic propor-tions, clustered about the ruins of the temples, shrouding them in a somber shade, and sending their luge roots into the crevices and unexplored cham-bers and vanits and galleries of the vast edifices. edifices.

bers and vanits and gatheries of the vas edifices.

« The area comprised within the limits of the old city consists of a level plain seven or eight unles long and two miles wide at the greatest. This plain is covered with the remains of stone houses, doubtless the habitations of the wealthy. The streets, squares and courtyards were paved with stone, or with white cement made with time and powdered rock, and the drainage was accomplished by means of covered canals and underground sewers built of stone and cement. On the slopes of the mountains, too, are found munerous ruins; and even on the highest peaks fallen columns and ruined structures may be seen.

remains of a temple which, before our excavations were begun, looked like a luge pile of fragments bound together by the roots of trees, while the slopes of the pyramids, and the terraces and recommends below the results of the property o of the pyramids, and the terraces and pavements below, are strewn with the ruins of these superb edifices. This huge structure, unlike the great pyramids of Egypt and other aucient works of a similar character, is not the embodiment of a definite idea, built in accordance with a pre-conceived plan and for a specific purpose, but is rather the complex result of a long process of development, corresponding to the growth of culture, and keeping pace with the expanding tastes of the people or the demands of their national life. Its sides face the four cardinal points; its greatest length from north to south Its sides face the four cardinal points; its greatest length from north to south is about eight hundred feet, and from east to west it measured originally nearly as much, but a part of the eastern side has been carried away by the swift current of the river which flows directly against it. The interior of the structure is thus exposed in the the of a lift as feet bigh, recentling of the structure is thus exposed in the form of a cliff 120 feet high, presenting a complicated system of buried walls and floors down to the water's edge—doubtless the remains of older buildings occupied for a time, and abandoned to serve as foundations for more elaborate structures. Exeavations have also brought to light, beneath the foundations of buildings now occupying the surface, not only filled chambers and broken walls of older sculptures, but sulptured monuments as well. The theory of development, though it cannot be set aside, seems inadequate to explain theory of development, though it cannot be set aside, seems inadequate to explain this enrious circumstance; and yet there is just enough difference between these art relies and those of later date to indicate a change in style and treatment. Whether or not this change continues in regular sequence lower down has not yet been determined. If, as I am inclined to believe, we shall find, away down in the lower levels, the rude beginnings from which the culture of the later period developed, we shall of the later period developed, we shall have pretty conclusive evidence not only that Copan is the oldest of the Maya cities, but that the Copan valley itself, with the immediate vicinity, was the cradle of the Maya civilization.»

#### DEVIL'S ISLAND.

WHERE DREYFUS IS IMPRISONED

Where Drayfus is Imprisoned.

The fle du Diable, where the unhappy ex-Captain Dreyfus is imprisoned forms one of the fles du Salut, or Islauds of Safety, which lie in the Atlantic off the coast of French Guiana. The group includes St. Joseph's, La Mère and Royal Islands, in addition to that named after the Prince of Darkness, and the whole number, in default of any better use to which they are capable of being put, have for nearly half a century past been utilised as an outlet for the criminal population of France and its colonies.

Parties of political prisoners were desputched thither long before 1851, and one suspects that the islands derived their collective name from this circumstance—it was reasonably safe to assume,

stance—it was reasonably safe to assume having regard to their location, that when a political suspect was once deposited there, or on the contiguous mainland (which has a murderous climate), the state was quite "safe" from him for the future.

It is only since 1851, however, that It is only since 1851, however, that systematic penal colonies have been established on the Hes du Salut. From that year until 1892 the convicts consisted entirely of Arabs, Negroes, and Annamese from the French colonies in Africa and Indo-China, the criminal whites being invariably sent to the other French Botany Bay in New Caledonia. We have the best equipped repair shop in Rio.—The only place where enamelling is done by baking and tire punctures and cuts are repaired by vulcanizing AT VERY LOW FRICES.

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On the right bank of the Copain River, in the midst of the city, stands the principal group of structures—the temples, palaces and buildings of a public character. These form part of what has been called, for want of a better name, the Main Structure—a vast, irregular pile rising from the plain in steps and terraces of masonry, and terminating in several great pyradise of the Pacific, with the certainty of punishment calculated to deter the more desperate class of anarchists from their little diversions. So it was decided that anarchists should thenceforward be sent to the other way be seen.

On the right bank of the Copain River, in the midst of the city, stands the principal group of structures—the temples, palaces and buildings of a public character. These form part of what has been called, for want of a numuthorised return to Paris within two or three years, was not the sort of punishment calculated to deter the more desperate class of anarchists should thenceforward be sent to the other. When it became necessary later on to find for Dreyfus a home from which there was absolutely no chance of escape, the anthorities naturally turned to the Devil's Island, the most northerly and isolated of the Safety group. In-nocent or guilty, there he is now, with half a dozen of the most desperate anarchists for neighbors.

For the colored convicts it has to be For the colored convicts it has to be said that they are fairly tractable, and work with resignation, if not with pleasure, during their time of two, three, or five years. But the whites are a desperate lot, and they are constantly making endeavors to escape.

The most sensational attempt at escape was that of the agreesist I will in this lead to the agreesist I will in this lead to the agree with I will be a proved the control of the co

cape was that of the assassin Lupi, which is detailed by M. Paul Mimande. Lupi, who was stationed at the time on Royal Island, had on several occasions assisted at the obsequies of dead companions in misery, and enjoyed a certain amount of liberty. He managed to get some nails, tar, and cotton, and one dark night he got into the coffin shed, chose a large coffin, and fastened the lid, in order to turn it into a deck, leaving ; in. He calked all the joints, made a pair of paddles out of two planks, and without much difficulty he reached the water's edge, where he embarked. Assisted by the tide, he paddled his sepulchral craft. Silently and slowly he proceeded, in the hope of reaching either Venezuela or British Guiana.

Now, 150 miles in a coffin does not

constitute a very tempting enterprise, but Lupi was full of confidence. Per-haps, he remembered that Victor Hugo haps, he remembered that Victor Hugo had said, \* Rien n'est plus intrépide qu'un forçat »; at any rate, he had the spirit. At the penitenciary it was soon discovered that he was missing. No boat had been taken away. The boats are usually well guarded, and nobody ever dreamed for a moment thatany man would go to see in a coffin. It was ever dreamed for a moment thatany man would go to sea in a coffin. It was thought that he had either committed suicide or concealed himself somewhere near by. Fortunately, or unfortunately, for Lupi, the steamer Abeille, returning from the Autilles, off Paramaribo, came close to him three days after his escape. The captain noticed in the water an object that looked like a piece of wreckage, around which a flock of seagulfs were circling and screaming. He steered in the direction of the object.

age, around which a flock of seaguils were circling and screaming. He steered in the direction of the object. As he came close to it his curiosity was increased. The thing which at first he took to be a piece of wreckage turned out to be a coffin, and in addition to its out to be a coffin, and in addition to its noisy winged escort, it was accompanied by two guards that travelled on either side of it. These two guards were enormous sharks, whose great dorsal fins from time to time seemed to touch the sides of the box. He ordered a boat to be launched and manned. The men in the boat looked into the box, and to their astemishment found a man in a the boat looked into the box, and to their astonishment found a man in a half drowned condition. They handed him into the boat, and took him on board the vessel, and later on handed him over to the authorities. As a rule the latter are not quite so ready to re-claim convicts who find their way into British Guiana as the English officials, desire, and frequently enough the latter desire, and frequently enough the latter have done much more than the French in the recapture of runaways.

From United States Consular Reports BONDED WAREHOUSES IN VENE ZUELA.

Minister Loomis sends from Caracas, in a dispatch dated December 1, 1897, a copy of a contract between the government and Venezuclan citizens, authorizing the formation of a company to construct and operate bonded warehouses in Caracos and other ports. The principal points of the contract are the following:

The warehouse company shall receive merchandise intended for import or export, pay custom-honse duties, cartage, etc. The owners of the goods shall pay these expenses only when the merchandise is removed. Owners of dry goods, such as cloth, ironware, and hard ware, shall past to the company no more than aper cent on the total amount paid for duties, cartage, etc. The owners of provision stores shall pay to per cent per year. The charge for depot duties shall be 5 bolivars (96 cents) per month for every 1,000 kilograms (2,004 6 pounds) deposited in the ventilated warehouses and to bolivars (\$1,93) for every 1,000 kilograms

deposited in the hermetically sealed warehouses. The charge for articles destined for export shall be 2 bolivars (38 cents) per 1,000 kilograms.

The company is obliged to deliver the goods in the same state as received, and is responsible for damage; but not for natural decay or loss in weight, and is never responsible for packages whose contents have not been verified by the owners and by the company.

The company shall furnish money to the owners of goods deposited to an amount representing one-third the cost value of the same. These lorss may extend to the term of one year, at the rate of 8 per cent annually, and shall be gnaranteed by the merchamilise in deposit. If at the end of the term fixed neither the money losated nor the interest has been paid, the company shall sell the goods at anotion. Out of the proceeds of the sale, the amount of the lama and other expenses shall be paid; and, should there be a balance, it shall be given to the owners of the merchamilise who should be represented at the sale. If at the expiration of the fixed term only the interest of the sam loaned is paid, the owner can obtain an extension of six, months before the goods are auctioned. The company shall reckon as a whole month any part of the same than thas clapsed in its account of interest.

Merchandise on deposit shall be considered as guaranty of the money spent in paying duties, etc., as well as for any loan upon the sugeranty of the money spent in paying duties, etc., as well as for any loan upon the subjected to other contributions than the ones here stipalated. The company has a claim upon the goods already the theory of the same than the office of the deposit of the shall be considered prior to any other. Every three months, the quantity of goods deposited and the names for the elepositors shall be afvertised by the company.

the quantity of goods deposited and the names of the depositors shall be advertised by the company.

The company shall pay dities in the enstommons where the goods are received. Payment shall be made as soon as the commission algents shall have revised the sheet containing the liquilation of the duties to be paid, presented by the custom-house. This shall not annul the rights which the goods or the goods themselves for the payment of import duties.

The Venezuelan government will grant free entrance to all materials required for the construction and furnishing of the buildings, and will not subject the company to national contributions. No similar concession shall be granted to any other person or company during be term of this contract, which is for twenty-five years.

Within two years, the company is bound to have sureliouses established in Caracas, Lo Gnayra, Purot Cabello, Maracaibo, and Cindal Bolivar; and within three years, in the other ports of Venezuela.

## THE RIO NEWS

A. J. LAMOUREUX, Editor and Proprietor.

Contains a summury of news and a review of Itrazlian affairs, a list of the arrivals and departures of foreign affairs, a list of the arrivals and departures of foreign market, lables of call report and price current of the market, lables of calls report and all other market and the property of the pr

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RIO DE JANEIRO, MARCH 15th, 1898,

In view of the continued fall in ex-change, the local eurency subscription rate has been inecased to Jokovo, or soo reis per copy. Since March 1st all subscrip-tions should be paid at that rate.

The steady increase in the number of yellow fever cases in this city, together with the malignant character of the disease this year, deserves serious consideration. It is of course a repetition of what we have had again tion of what we have had again and again, and which from present indica-tions we are likely to have still many times again in the future. It is neces-sary, however, to keep the subject fresh in mind, and to improve every oppor-tunity to fix the responsibility. We are living under a government which exerts authority over all unitare diseases. authority over all matters directly or remotely affecting public health. The importation of food and clothing, the production of the same, the market

regulations, the cleaning of the streets, the water supply, the pavements and their repair, the observance of sanitary rules, the control of infectious diseases, and the sanitary inspection of the city and the samtary inspection of the city by districts, are all inder official control. If an epidemic breaks out, then the authorities must assume the respon-sibility. And when we encounter a situation such as we have at present, that responsibility is a very serious one. that responsibility is a very serious one. When we find that over two-thirds of the revenues of the municipality are expended in official salaries, gratifications and fees, and that a large part of the remaining third is pledged as interest on debts contracted by these same parasitic officials, it becomes a duty on form them of what they are doing. Our dirty shabby streets are becoming dirtier and shabbier, the water front is daily growing more dangerous, our water supply is rapidly becoming insufficient because of bad distribution, and our district sanitary inspection has long each because of bad distribution, and our district sanitary inspection has long been a pitful farce. Under such circumstances, an epidemic is nothing less than indiscriminate assassination, and these officials are the assassins. We pay hundreds of contos to men whose duty it is to keep the city clean and healthful, and they do absolutely nothing to carry and they do absolutely nothing to earn the money. We have been told of sanitary inspectors who never go near their districts, and who do absolutely nothing to ward off epidemics. And we daily hear of sanitary officials whose sole idea of duty is to interfere with those who are trying to combat disease, and to deaft verations, red tape regulaand to draft vexations, red-tape regula-tions to govern petty details of conduct. And some of these regulations are so And some of these reginations are so cruel and so unnecessary that one is led to wonder whether their authors are sane, or stark, staring mad. This year we have been encouraged to feel that we should escape a fever epidemic, for we should escape a rever epidemic, in the city has been exceptionally healthy and the senson has been most favorable. The present month, however, has dis-sipated these expectations, for the con-tinued heat and drouth has developed a bad type of the fever, which is now beginning to assume threatening pro-portions. And it may now be noticed, beginning to assume threatening proportions. And it may now be noticed, porthaps, that our hot dusty streets have not been watered the whole summer, and nothing whatever has been done to cleanse those streets and localities whose sanitary condition is always a source of anxiety. There has been money enough for idle, intriguing municipal employés, and but little for broken streets, and nothing for foul. nothing for foul, stinking water-fronts. It is time that the people should demand It is time that the propie summa demands some explanation for such misgovernment, for it endangers their lives. Cleanly surroundings, decent ha fitations, a good water supply and wholesome food, are essential to public health, and the people should basist on having them.

From the comments made by many of our exchanges in regard to carnival, it is evident that the time has arrived when this purile celebration can be finally abolished. It has never repre-sented anything worthy of commemora-tion. It is nothing but a relic of pagan customs, a period of licence and licen-tionsness. There have been amusing tiousness. There have been anuising and interesting enstons connected with it, but here in Rio these have quite passed away, and nothing remains but the crudest and most puerile anuisements. In Argentina, the festivity is characterized by criminal assaults of every description—the lowest classes and the ungovernable elements in the better classes making two of the day. passed away, and nothing remains but the crudest and most puerile amuse-ments. In Argentina, the festivity is characterized by criminal assaults of every description—the lowest classes and the mgovernable elements in the better classes making use of the day for savage assaults and debauchery. In the interests of morality it is full time these scenes should be rigorously suppressed. No one would object to a festivity, silly and nseless though it might be, which contributed to healthy popular anusement, but when the festivity is used for the display of the lowest and most savage passions alone, it deserves no further consideration. It may be that the suppression of carnival will not be in itself a restraining influence upon the savage passions of men and women, but it will be removing an

incentive to licentionsness and can not fail to somewhat reduce the criminal aggregates. If anything can be substi-tuted which will give the people annise-ment without the immoral and criminal excesses of carnival, then let us have it; but at any rate let us have an end of the stupid, noisy and riotons demon-strations which characterize these three days of senseless festivity and riot.

On the 15th ult. Lord William Nevil, a son of Lord Abergavenny, was arraigned at the Old Bailey, London, on a charge of fraud and forgery. The first named offence consisted of obtaining the signature of a soft-headed young guardsman to various bills, amounting in all to £11,000, which he then nego-tiated with a well-known money-lender. thated with a well-known money-lender. The module operandi was that of inducing the guardsman, a Mr. Spender Clay, to sign a paper through a hole cut in a piece of blotting paper. On trial he plead guilty to the frand, but denied the charge of forgery, which was withdrawn. He was then sentenced to five years peoal servitude for the first crime, the invitage state of the last continuous and the control of the the justice stating that his position and family made his researchibility all the greater. There were no extenuating greater. There were no extenuating cremustances and the maximum penalty was accordingly imposed. With the personal features of the case we have nothing further to do. The impartiality of the sentence, however, is worthy of comment, for it shows that penalties in England are as much for the rich and titled are for the year and fainthers. Juggand are as much for the rien and titled as for the poor and friendless. Here in South America the penalties of the law rarely reach those who have money and influence. For their crimes there are always extenuating circumstances. unney and immenses there are always extenuating circumstances. It is either felt that their finer feelings would be ontraged by the infliction of a penalty, or that their families would suffer, or that the susceptibilities of the whole community would be wounded by such a spectacle. It is a common occurrence, therefore, for the rich and influential to escape all responsibility for their crimes. They for the rich and unfluential to escape all responsibility for their crimes. They commit murder, frand, robbery, every crime on the calendar, and justice is blind to their offences. If they hold responsible offices, they enjoy immunities from arrest and trial; if they belong to a privileged class, they are exempt from the arrest and imprisonment meted from the arrest and imprisonment meted ont to others; if they are rich or belong to influential families, they are spared the indignities of prosecution and punishment; and if they happen to still be within those years where discretion and experience are wanting, if they belong to some influential school, their offences are promptly condoned, yet, though justice may be slow and yet, in high listice may be slow and sometimes very interestain, the offenders from the humbler classes, if without protection, are subjected to imprison-ment and harsh treatment. In no other country are wealth and titles more honored and fostered than in England, honored and tostered than in England, and in no other conarty is justice more impartial. It is not the first time that a member of some illustrious titled family has occupied the prisoner's dock, nor is it the first time that the penalty of the law has been imposed on such offenders. If this example could be enumbted here in Sauth Americant beof the law has been imposed on such offenders. If this example could be emulated here in South America, there would be more security for life and property and more respect for the law.

7

zone all the way to Santos, except for some twenty kilometres. It is therefore a parallel line within the same zone, which is a clear infraction of the São Paulo company's concession. In our opinion there is no escape from this Sao Fatho course, it can not be our opinion there is no escape from this conclusion. Of course, it can not be urged that the government authorized such an infraction, for the concession did not fix the route, while it did stipulate that the Mogyana company should respect a the rights of other existing milways. Had the Mogyana kept outside this privileged zone until the vicinity of Santos is reached, the question might have been open to dispute, but as the survey now stands we cannot see that the courpany has the shadow of a case. The map shows that it is proposing to construct a parallel we cannot see that the courpany has the shadow of a case. The map shows that it is proposing to construct a parallel line through the whole length of the São Paulo company's zone, and not a crossing as the law implies. That the question is not one of nationality will be seen by a communication published elsewhere in which "A Brazilian" condemns it as an infraction of the English company's rights, and also as a prejudemus it as an infraction of the English company's rights, and also as a prejudice to the people of that state. Were the line to be constructed, then the prohibition on traffic within the privileged zone would come into force. Competition would not be possible, except for traffic beyond Jundiahy, and as the Morvana could not expect, and as the Mogyana could not expect to receive anything from the Paulista, the as the receive anything from the Paunsta, the competition would be only for the Mogyana traffic alone. The São Paulo line would therefore be in a position to the tariffs, and the people of line would therefore be in a postuon to increase its tariffs, and the people of São Paulo would then be paying the cost. Under such circumstances, it would be much better for the Mogyana to arrange for a third rail over the Paulista and São Paulo lines to save the expense of transhipment, and then for all the three companies to work for all the three companies to work for all the three companies to work together harmoniously for the prosperity of the state. In the present state of industry and trade, the people need the cooperation of the railways rather than rivalries and improductive investments of money in improcessors. These of money in unnecessary lines.

> THE MOGYANA QUESTION. São Paulo, March 8th, 1898. To the Editor of The Rio News:

To the Editor of Tine Rio News:

Sir.—May 1 be permitted to encroach on your valued time and space to expose a few facts which are not only related with the controversy existing between the San Paulo Railway and Magyann railway companies, respecting the extension of the harder company's line to Santos, but the solution of this question affects the general interests of the public and commerce of this S. Faulo state to a very important extent.

Having briefly examined the twa sides of the question it seems apparent that the Magyan an ompany, in view of the concession granted to the São Paulo Railway Company, cannot make their extension in the zone and direction of the actual line of the São Paulo Railway, and it would seem that any attempt to construct such a line cannot fail to clish with the interests of the Paulista Railway, and it would seem that any attempt to construct such a line cannot fail to clish with the interests of the Paulista Railway and São Paulo Railway Companies, and the fand solution will only be datained through the law courts medium. Let us, however, assume that the Mogyana eventually extends their line to Suntos, what effect will the future competition and diversion of traffic from the existing railways have on the commerce and public? Let us briefly recapitalist, Let us be competition and diversion of traffic from the existing railways have on the commerce and public? Let us briefly recapitalist, Let us be failing on account of the exist line which is being constructed between Santos and Jundialy by this company.

According to the terms of their contract with the government they have the right to raise their traffic whenever the dividends are less than 7 per cent. All the traffic to the interior of the state of S. Thuo, and vice versa to the senboard, is at present carried over the original capital to 5 million pounds sterling, and is now being raised to above 5 million pounds sterling, therefore with the same traffic but with double the company are constructing at the present time extens

of course that the rate of excessions at 7d.

Assuming therefore that if the Mogyana company extends their line to Santos that there will be a diversion of nearly one half the coffee and other traffic, then as a matter of fact the receipts will be reduced on the São Paulo Railway in direct proportion, so that the result of extending the Mogyana line to Santos will in the future be to increase the tariffs on cargo and passengers 150 per cent.

and this tariff will be also adopted by the Mogyana Company, as by the terms of their contract with the government they have the right to charge the same to Santos as the corresponding stretch of line belonging respectively to the Paulista and São Paulo Railway, from Campinas to Santos. Thus the outcome of the proposed scheme will be to greatly increase the cost of transporting coffee to Santos, whereas the opposite should be the case, and it behaves the government to give their attention to this matter so that their revenue is not annihilated by allowing this calamity to come to pass.

Nothing seems to justify the making of this extension at the present time, seeing that a single line is carrying all the traffic with apparent ease, and it would be julicious on the part of the government to defer the making of such a line antil such time as it was proved that there was sufficient traffic for the extra-railway, and thus avoid establishing competition which at present will only produce extraordinary high rates on hoth milways, so that in the end everyone will suffer by it.

Lam, dear Sir, Yours truly

A BRAZUAAN.

To the Editor of the Rio Naws:

Doar Nir.—I have raid the rase for the Mogyana as put by our new-horn Bruzilian Review, but have failed to recognise practical vision in what issues from the month of that habe and snekling; and I have also perused with much amusement the humorous effusion addressed to you by Mr., a. Mackenzie, Manager, a fite Lamba and trazilian Bank Rin, on the same snipeet. I refer to Mr. Mackenzie's production as lumorous, because it is impossible to believe he ran expect one containing so many different kinds of hunders to lee treated seriously.

For example, accurating to him, the projected extension of the Mogyana line is outsider the S. Panh Railway's privileged zone. But this is not the contention of the Mogyana filinaters. They mean invasion pure and simple, and make no pretence whatever of keeping outside the zone. Fry, Miers & Co's, letter of yal February last, a copy of which was sent by the secretary of the Lamboa and Brazilian Bank to the secretary of the Lamboa and Brazilian Bank to the secretary of the Lamboa and Brazilian Bank to the secretary of the Lamboa Railway Campany in Lomlon (see Financial News, Feb. 4th, 1898), and with whose contents Mr. Mckenzie was, or ought to have loven, acquainted at the time he wrote to you, makes me suggestion that the proposed route is mutside the zone in question. It states that the Magyana company does not intend to receive, or set down, passengers and ergo within that zone is until out could do so without entering it is a mutter which Mr. J. Mackenzie, Manager, should explain, if he be serious.

But though Mr. Mackenzie is evidently one of those Scots who a juck with deeficulty, and the content has the stouch and the with content has sent and the with deficulty, and the content has sent the with content of those Scots who a juck with deeficulty, and the content has sent and and a content has a content to the content has content to the content of the secons.

curgo within that zone; nunl how it could do
so without entering it is a matter which Mr. J.
Matckenzie, Manager, should explain, if he be
serious.

But, though Mr. Mackenzie is evidently one
of those Scots who "juck wi" deeficulty,"
there can be no dush tat all of his humorous
intention in the two last paragraphs of his
entertaining letter. Passing over as an
obvious "jock "his ambiguous compliment to
Brazilian directors in general, in which he
darkly refers to a certain few "graturind" and
-hopeful, but manned, British capitalists,
who, he says, are prepared to entrust their
interests as readily to Brazilian directors as to
some of the fine of the first part of the
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lowest page

the nodinos that are security and the nodinos in the specified as suggestion with which he concludes is, he will pardon uny saying, a bathos; for surely every man in his sense, must be perfectly well aware that the Paulista and Mogyana companies are both ready and

willing to sell themselves to the S. Paulo Railway, or to an English syndicate, or to the Jews, or to the Centiles, or to the Dewis, or to the Jews, or to the Centiles, or to the Dewis, or to the Jews, or to the Centiles, or to the Dewis, or to the Jews, or to the Centiles, or to the Dewis, or to the Jews want is to a get out a as soon, and as profitably us possible. Hine the lacrime—that is precisely what all the row is about.

The Brazilian destinacy than of Brazilan judgment, and a more robust belief in British guilbillity than in either.

"Opposition and obstruction, here and at home," he says, a may succeed for a time in preventing the Mograma from getting by the coast, but, ultimately the Mogram, Sarocabana, and perlangs even the Paulista, will have their independent exit to the coast.

Immediately after this the writer, who, it may be added, is well known as affecting string julin-blazilian sympathies, goes on to say; "The Mogram extension to Santos can he of no advantage to the public and can only serve to injure the English line, while it is certain to prove ruinous to itself.

Still, after all, the most surprising thing in the whole affur is the fact that firms of the eminence of the London and Brazilian Bank, Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Ca, and the others are successful with them in this natter, should be heard of in the London market on a husiness which unpleas nuty reminds one of the famous would only surpressed to know, and do not know, the ins and outs of the case as between the Brazilian canbay companies and their respective privileges. They trust to the names on the prospectustle work of the shire, for instance, that the shareholders of the Mograma campany will allow their dividends to be reduced in order to pry the 5 %, interest on the £1,500,000 out of remings, during the four years or so required for the confidence, or they are invited to believe, for instance, that the shareholders of the Mograma campan would not the row polonist discreetly shar work or surplied for the market of the more

shareholders are investing their six millions of rapidal. Founding my belief on the experience of the past, I venture to see it will prove that Bradilan tribunals will be as scrapalously honest under the republic as they were under the monarchy; and that they will allow no group of adventures loan promoters, for their own greedy jumposes, to set aside by technical quidding a concession whose meaning is plain and clear as the day, and whose conditions back been rigidly abserved by investors now staking their fortunes on the sole scenity of Bradilan honor, of Bradilan justice and good forth.

I mu, dear Sir, Your idealient servant Anglio-Paulista. São Paulo, 12th March, 1898.

### Provincial Notes

-The city of S. Paulo is said to have 29,543 hmidings subject to house-tax. The number of buildings erected last year in that city was

Appearances indicate that there will be tere drouth this year in the state of Cent I people are already beginning to emigrate the legrant of the 9th inst. says that 672 left the north on the steamer Olinda.

for the north on the steamer Olinda.

—One of the usual squabbles has arisen on the boundary between Broril and British taniana, it heing reported that a British official unned McPurk has hosted the British official unned McPurk has hosted the British digital ways beying the state of the British and and the state of the state of

### RAILROAD NOTES

The heavy fall in Panhsta shares since our report would seem to indicate that the orted sale has fallen through.

— The government has accepted the proposal of Col. Carneiro for the lease and extension of the Central de Pernambuco railway, and the contract is to be signed to the col inst., the lessee previously depositing 50 per cent. of the estimated cost of the extension to the station of Antonio Olyutho.

decreed the lease of the Porto Alegre to Urngmyana railway to a Belgian symlicate represented by M. Alfonse Spee, who is now here sented by M. Altones Spee, who is now me in Rio. The receipt of the treasury agency in Loudon for the initial payment of £ 160,000 was presented to the government on the 1th, and the contract between the government and the syndicate was signed on the 12th inst.

the syndicate was signed on the 12th mst.

—On the 9th inst. some police-subliers arrested a respectable hady in São Panlo just as
she alighted from a tram car. They tnok hrr
to the police station where she was searched
by the sergeant in clarge. He found a
pocket-hook on her which contained 3,000\$\mathbb{s}\$ in
money. He sent the pror lady to prison and
kept the money, and then, it is said, he disappeared. The affair conseil much indigvarious. appeared. nation.

The cars of the Carioca (Santa Thereza) transway company carried last year 1,212,452 passengers and the ordinary receipts amounted to 342,286\$500. This sum and the extraordito 342-202533. This sum an the Catalantee and the control of the company were all absorbed by traffic and general expenses and interest on debt, and consequently no dividend could be paid to shareholders. The capital of the company is 2 500,003 and its drid, on which it paid hast year interest to the amount of 78,5035660, is 1.195,0005.

—The trains of the S. Christovão company carried last yeir 19,324,828 passengers, ugainst the following numbers in previous years

1889	10,058,526
1890	12,998,032
1891	17,113,014
1892,	18,169,869
1895	17,654.395
1894	18,930,561
1895	19,806,766
1896	20,021,587

The decrease in 1897 is attributed by the huard of directors to public disturbances, to bad weather and to the fact that there were fewer representations at the theatres. The net receipts for the year were 737,6235217. There were derlared two dividends, one of 55600 and the other of 65 per share of 2005.

#### LOCAL NOTES

- Reports of intended disturbances were again circulated last week.

- The government has issued orders for the return of the Fernandu de Norouha exiles.

— It is said that the military inquiry into the attempt of 5th November is nearly completed,

—The Conde de Figueiredo leaves for Europe to morens on the French packet Car-diffère.

— Deoclecians Martyr is said to deny baving given the evidence attributed to him by Police Delegate Vicente Neiva.

—The new Bolivian minister, D. Jusé Para-cieini, presented his credentials to the President yesterday at the Triburgo palace.

On Friday the cell of the prisoner Deocle-ciano Martyr was searched by the police and documents said to be important were seized.

A medical commission is still investigating Dr. Domingos Treire's claim to have discovered the characteristic microlæ of yellow fever,

The mass for Col Gentil de Castro at the S. Francisca de Paula church on last Tuesday, the first anniversary of his murder, was largely attended.

-The prefect of the Pederal District has issued orders for the payment of the salaries of unnicup demplayes for the months of January and Pebruary. — We take unch pleasure in stating that the Apostolo, whose offices, our readers will rem-ember, were destroyed a year ago by the jaco-bins, has resumed publication.

On Friday the prisoner Deocleciano Mar-tyr asked Judge Raja Gab iglia for security for his life, which he considers in danger, he said, in the cell in which he is held in custody.

— Col. Severiana Carneiro da Silva Rego has been removed from the command of the 1st lettalian of suppers and miners and ap-pointed director of the Matto Grosso arsenal.

The trial of St. Autonio Gonçalves Barrei-ics, ex-director of the correctional colony at hous. Rios, accused of a defalcation of over 00,000\$, was begun in Petropolis on the 10th

- It is now stated that the statue to the Duque de Caxias will be inaugurated in July next. The money was raised for this monu-ment some twelve to fifteen years ago, if not

Lieut. Belfort Guiunarães, who was secre-tary of Admiral Custolilo de Mello, during the naval revolution, has been appointed secretary and ain-de-camp of the director of the naval

—The period fixed by the prefect of the Pederal District for demolishing the panorama building near the ferry house terminates in September, Thaving been prolonged another nine months.

and the same of th

— The minister of war has given instructions for placing two sentinels at the door of the military club to prevent the entrance of officers.

According to a statement published in Sunday's Jonal do Brazil neither Gen. Monra, nor other army officers intend disobeying the government's order prohibiting the meetings of the military club.

of the military club.

— A Washington telegram of the 12th says that the United States troops have been ordered to southern ports, where they can be embedded. It is said that the investigating commission has reported that the loss of the Maine was the to notisic causes.

— The Chilian minister to Brazil D. Isinforo Errazuriz, died in Tijuca on Saturday, last at 2.30 a. m., from a malignant attack of yellow fever. He was a hother of the President of Chili, and was greatly steemed by all who had had the good fortane to meet him.

— The Lornard hears that the promision of

had the good fortune to meet him.

—The Jornal hears that the proprietor of the Hotel Whyte, at Tijuea, where the Chilian minister tiled, is demanding £3,000 damages of the Chilian legation. The hotel had about 60 gnests, nearly all of whom left when the case was Jeckert do be yellow fever.

— Vice-President elect Rosa e Silva left for Europe on Wethesday hast an the steumer Clyde. An side-de-enup of President Pradente de Monras accompanied him on board. A few days hefore his departure a dinner was given to hun by his friends in Petropolis.

—The continued heat and drantin of the past

A few days before his departure a dinner was given to him by his friends in Petropolis.

— The continued heat and drouth of the past week has not only occasioned much disaminfort, but they have largely increased the denth rate. There is much tever in the city, and it is of a very virul ut type. Fortunately the shipping hasas yet suffixed very little fram it.

— Had the editor of this paper said half as much against Brazil as did Manoel Virtonino in his recent manifesto, we should have been deadened with the chanor for our expulsion from the country. It is interesting to note how differently the subject is treated when the foreign journalist is not mixed up in it.

— We sincerely regret to note the death on Friday hast of Mr. Cherles W. Twitty, a young American deutist and nephew of Dr. J. W. Conchuna, who died at his residence in Rua Bambina from an attack of yellow fever, but had in that short time made many warm personal friends.

— Lient, Col. Severino Carneiro da Silva Protestant and the state of the severand convenies and control of the severand corneiro da Silva Protestant and the severand convenies and convenies

PASSONAL FIGURES.

—Lient, Col. Severiano Curneiro da Silva Rego, commander of the 1st battalion of supers and miners, has been placed under arrest or eight thays at the headquarters of the 1oth battalion of infinity on account of alleged insubordinate conduct in relation to the meeting of the military club.

—aWe ground.

of the military club

"We are authorized to state," says the
Jornal do Commercio in its issue of last Thursday, "that no circumstance, however, disagreeable it may appear, will restain the government from the t-execution and
mission which it will worthive militane till the
expiration of its term of office on the 15th
of next November,

of next November,
—It is to be hoped that President Prudente
de Moraes will not only be vigilant in preparing
for any sudden attack of his enemies, but will
also be careful not to neglect providing for the
continuation of the struggle if he should suffer
a reverse. The wars in Rio Grande do Sal and
Bahia lawe shown that in the interior there is
excellent fighting material, which should be
utilized in defence of free institutions.

—The rable says that on Willians.

utilized in defence of free institutions.

— The cable says that our Willie has laid his cruss and his sword on the table and says that while he is emperor of Germany the United States shall never take Cuba. Willie's exhibitions are becoming tirrsome. If the United States resolves to take Cuba, it will require at least half a down such emperors to prevent it—and Willie's should not forget it. If he does medille, it will prove a very serious thing for Willie's crown.

— On Souther the District Office 1.

ne toes healile, it will prove a very serious thing for Willie's crown.

— On Sunday the Diario Official published the correspondence of the minister of war, adjutunt general of the army and Gen. Moura on the subject of the military club. From this currespondence it appears that the members of the club, while not recognizing the right of the government to prohibit their meetings, have decided to suspend them until the legal-lay of the government so order shall have been tested before the courts.

— The patriotic subscriptions which the Partuguese have been promoting in Brozil for the purpose of huibling a war vessel to be presented to the Partuguese government, now amounts to \$87,957 \$202-0 r about \$f.9.800 at present exchange rates. There are still other lists to be received which, when in, will probably considerably increase the currency total, though the decline in exchange is steadily reducing its gold value.

— "There is no doubt, we think, that the "There is no doubt, we think, that the

Ity returning its gold value.

"There is no doubt, we think, that the military club is and always has been extremely detrimental to the discipline of the army. If in view of the present legislation of the cunntry the government is powerless to remedy this evil, congress should take action on the matter as soon as it meets. Until this question is definitely settled, no army bill should be voted for is it much better to have no army at all than an army without discipline.

than an army without discipline.

— Buenos Aires telegrams of the 11th say that the number of vessels arriving there from Rio and Santos with cases of yellow fever on board, is claiming much attention. As every case of bithousness or indigestion is considered yellow fever by the sanitary blacksmiths at Buenos Aires, we are quite prepared to believed that much attention is given to the subject. But it could be given to other matters quite as well, and with much better results.

The supreme council of the court of appeals at its sitting on last Thesslay decided that the prisoners Fortunato de Medeiros and Joaquim Preire should appear be fore it to day. On Wednesslay the court addressed a communication to the chief of police asking why the prisoners are held in enatod, and to Judge Raja Gabaglia inquiring why he had refused to issue a warrant for the arrest of the prisoners and why he had ordered their release.

— Gen. Moura ir his communication to the adjutant-general of the army is said to have stated that the military club would continue to hold its meetings in spite of the war department's prohibition and would cause the legality of that prohibition to be tested before the courts. In view of this communication the war department ordered Gen. Monra to consider himself under arrest at his residence for four days. It is supposed that the general will demand a court-martial.

— It will dombtless cause an unwould sentated that the seatoners.

will demand a court-martial.

—It will doubtless came an unwonted sensation to our readers to see The Rro News in hormony widt the Iniz; but we certainly agree with that journal when it channes for the punishment of the persons guilty of whating etters intrusted to the post offire. We do not, however, wish to limit the punishment to those who lave recently committed this abuse, but think it should be extended to those who set the perairious example in 1893 and 1894 and to those who from time to time have followed it.

— On Wethershay at the building of the military club about 30 members of that club held a meeting, at which was read by their president, Gen, Monra, communication from the adjudant-general of the army stating that the order prohibiting the meetings of the club his still in furre. It was usserted by several journals on the following day that the club had tecihel to test before the rourts the order. The found do Commercio says that reparters were informed that the meeting was private and requested to leave. On Thursday Gen. Moura is said to have addressed a communication to the adjutint-general of the army.

—Some three or four days ago a jealms

"Some three or four days ago a jealus lusband assaulted his wife, at Realeugo, with a brick, and nearly killed her, her head being cut and bruisel horathly. Some neighburs intrifered, and the brute was placed under arrest. Application was then made to the sation agent of the Central to bring her into the rity so that she could be taken to the hospital, but it was refused. Three days later a polite official went to the house and found the poor woman's wounds still undressed, and she and her children were really starving. After much negotiation, the Central was induced to bring the poor woman into the city, and she was taken to the hospital, —Xow that President Prudente de Moraes.

that was indicated to bring the poor woman into the city, and she was taken to the hospital.

— Now that President Prudente de Morasse scenus to really need the support that has so often been prumised to him, it is to be Imped that he will not fail to receive it. Without attempting tuconcent the himoters he has made we continue to brieve in his good intentiums and to think that he inspires much more confidence than his adversaries, whose possible control of the ulfairs of the cuntity cannot, in view of their antreedenets, be routenphated without a shudder, In this emergency the President needs real friends who will give him quiet, decided and active assistance in defending himself from his enemies. His was nation should be calm, prompt and vigorous and he should strapathously refnin trom being his composure and permitting binnelf to he hurried into rash, abitary and illegal measures. His principal source of strength is strict chedience to the law.

#### BIRTHS

At São Paulo nu February 6th, the wife of Dr W. L. Strain, of a daughter.

On the 5th inst., at Morro Velho the wife of Thomas J Stevens, of a sun (Edunum).

#### PUBLICATIONS RECEIVED

PCHALSTIONS RECEIVED

Relatoro presented to the government of
Minas Geraes, by Dr. Compos da Paz, ma Viticultura. This report is based on the exprments in grape culture in Sao Pado, and
contains much valuable information on the
subject. It will be uf great utility to those
who are intending to carry on similar experiments in other parts of the country.

### Shipping Notes

A London telegram of the 12th aunounces the arrival there of the new Brazilian emiser Amazonas,

—On Wednesday the Italian steamer Citta di Genova, which was leaving port after sunset, was stopped by the fort of Santa Cruz, which fired five shits. The Citta di Genova then obtained a pass and proceeded on its yovage. voyage.

### Business Notes

— A new ice factory, connected with the famous "Agna do Vintem" springs, was form-ally inaugurated in this city on the 12th inst.

— There is a strike on to-day on the Carris Urbanos train lines, the conductors demanding an increase of pay. They are receiving only \$5000 a day.

—The government has created a consulate in Glasgow, Scutland, and it is said that the consulat Montreal, Dr. J. Bazilen Neves Gon-zaga, will be transferred there.

—It is stated that the London and River Plate Bank finally secured the new edifice of the Banco Nacional on the 11th inst. As first stated, the price paid is the lunk's present property and seven thousand pounds.

—Gov. Borges de Medeiros says that the closing of the Porto Alegre ensum-house will be extremely detrimental to the commercial interests of the state of Rio Grande do Sul and financial interests of the federal gov

On last Wednesday a committee of mer-chants called at Frihargo palace to complain of the delay in the payment of accounts for supplits furnished to the navy alepartment. These payments, in conformity with the respective contracts, should be made at the end of every month.

Various banks and business houses have — Various banks and business houses have sent a rechandion to the minister of finance against the manner in which the aumara syndi-al of brakers fixes the ufficial quantation of sight exchange, but the minister refuses to make any change. It is said that the reclam-ation is just, but this seems to have no influ-ence on the minister.

ence on the minister.

—Financial journalism in London is evidently a paying business, for *The Financial Acros* is prving a dividend of 25 per cent, and a boms of to per cent. for the past year. Resides this it has been decided to reconstruct the company, giving every shareholder in new share and \( \int \) in cash for each this share. This retrainly looks profitable—better even than Klondike mining.

—It is only may that the custom-house jublishes a statement of the foreign trade of this part for the year 889. According to this statement the value of the expurts was 168,868,469,200,200,469,500,55,717. The exports were distributed as follows:

United	States	 75,346,175\$000
German	19	 8,917,2915400
Anstria		 6,722,7535000
Great-E	iritain	 5,005,800\$520
France		 4,303,441\$5txt
Cape of	Good Hape	 2.337, 9u55(xx1
D. Isina	ne Republic	 1,525,660\$600
Dengan	1	 1,667,085\$90u
Othere	yountries	 1,208,232\$10x
Other C	ountiles	 1,384,115\$000

The following shows the value of imports

ies:
49.550.7455289
23,722,9225920
22,715,970,105
19 968,023560.1
15,939,8218134
13,485,6145000
10,556,3798767
7,765,360\$151
6,606,1119\$865
3,930,391\$592
2,229,8605025
1,007,703\$865
178,398,805\$717

#### AN ABOMINABLE OUTRAGE.

AN ABOMINABLE OUTRAGE.
Complaints have been made again and again of the abases cummitted in the custom-house, but without effect. Not only are merchents robbed and seembled on changes in classifier tions by examiners, but every oppurtunity is taken to impuse higher thaties and charges. The delays, also, are a serious prejudice, for they prevent sales and after came in slight injury to the increbandise.

But this is not all. We have a still more serious appliance, and one against which countless rechangings have been made advarse without avail. Here is an illustration. A public liastitution recently sent for certain supplies. When the cases were upened, after having heen dispatched at the custom house, the following discrepancies were found: Sordines, 24 tius unlered, 2ct delivered; Pens, 12 do 11 the Oysters, 12 do 10 to 10 Out of 72 tims of fernit, 10 over missing; do do that the other lasting fernit.

Greis, 12 du 8 du Asparagus, 12 du 8 du Asparagus, 12 du 10 du 10 do Asparagus, 12 do 10 d

### FINANCIAL NOTES

—The London quotation on 1889 Brazilian bonds yesterday was 54 1/4.

—On the 31st January there was in the Goyaz treasury a balance of 182,137\$.

— The Loudon and River Plate Bank deposited 28 hoxes in the national treasury on the 11th inst., containing about £ 5,000 each.

Complaints are made that it is impossible to purchase revenue stamps at the treasury of 3\$, 4\$, 5\$ and 20\$, because of which troublesome delays in business are occurring.

—A telegram from London says that on the toth inst, there was a decline of  $\angle 3$  in the price of Brazilim 4 per cent bonds, the total decline for the week amounting to  $\angle 6$ .

— The prefect has written to the banco da Republica enclosing 1,759 unmicipal apolices purchased by the prefecture for the reduntion on April 1st. At the same time he remits 729,8085030 for the payment of coupons ma-turing on that late.

—If the government would order the ex-change of all mutilated currency through the public offices, the public would be very grate-ful. The small currency is breuming inex-pressibly dirty and raged and should be replaced as soon as possible.

reprocess as soon as possing.

On the London correspondent telegraphed that the fall in Brazilian funds is attributed to the sales in Paris, and to the full in exchange in Ria which is explained by the fear of a military rising. If now the difficulty could be attributed to some dispatch in the Times correspondent, how much simpler it would be!

it would be!

—The formal do Commercio says that the
new treasary notes that have recently made
their appearance in circulation were issued in
plane of multided energy that has been
withdrawn. This statement was doubtless
nade to remove suspicion of a clandestine
issue, of which the financial public has become
very apprehensive since the time of Marshal
Floriann Peixata

—The vanderful thing, a met Act.

For imperious case since the time of Marsian Ploriam Peixiato

— "The winderful thing," says the Land, Mercater, "is how Brazil manages to pay her way abraid in view of the low state of the exchange. It is equally marvellants how it comes about that the government maintains what seems to be so supplie maritime in presence of a rondition of affairs which threatens every day to land the national exchequer in bankruptey. Nothing further is heard regarding the railway negotations, and it would almost seem as if the minister of finance is living on the proceeds of the recent issue of treasury bills in Lombin and in the runtiment.

—The municipal government says the pres-

fiving on the proceeds of the recent issue of treasury bils in Lombon and on the runtiment.

—The immiripal government says the prefect of the Febrard District, will live to vrpend this year upoxyoxy5 on its personnel und 6,6xxxxxxx on account of its delta its revenue for the year issestimated at 7,456,5455. If this estimated is correct, which, as the prefect says, is extremely dombtful, there will be only 1,656,456 for all other municipal expenses. And yet the municipal comeril, whose session commenced a few days ago, is already looking for prefects to increase its expenditures. Last year, our readers will remember it suppressed the short-band report of its debutes and made this a prefect for appointing 12 new clerks. Now it proposes to revive the short-band report of its debutes and made this a prefect for appointing 12 new clerks. Now it proposes to revive the short-band report on at the same more to retain the 17 new clerks. It also proposes to reorganize at an increased rost the office of the secretary. Tax payers may consequently prepare for new themands in their purses.

—The following, says the levent doctors.

The following, says the Jornal do Commercio, is in approximately correct statement of the revenue and expenditure of the country in the year 1896;

#### Revenue.

Import Auties

triport distraction continues	2 [8,273,1348641
Port dues	
Design of	6,04,457 106
Surtax	15,750,889 134
Export duties	
to a second seco	168,917 375
THECTION, CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	66,247,197,571
Tobaco tax	
11	1,155,000 533
Extraordinary	11.995,511 7.18
	- 1+4
01.4.1	
Total	117 227 1088368
P	24777119-5211
Expenditure,	
Departments:	
and latter title and a	
Instine and between	. C. 15-1-1

	Departments:	
	Justice and Interior	16,888.,192\$511
	Foreign Affairs.	5.005.5093550
	Marine	34-918-541 057
ì	War	58,385,002 081
	Industry Finance	119,18)5,228 522
		131,708,975,848
		THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY.

Total, 300.032.078.539

In the budget voted by concress the revenue was ratimated at 38.4.63,1.0005, or 7, 106.8018.432 more than the sum whirst the foregoing statement shows to have been collected. On the other hand the appropriations whell were 435.536.26052.56, to 23,305,7025.05 less than the sum which is above shown to have been expended. Consequently, according to the foregoing statement, instead of the anticipated balance of 11,037,7305764 there was a deficit of 19.701.855031.

#### COMMERCIAL

Rio de Janeiro, March 14th, 1808

Par calue of the Brazilian milress (14000), Bank rate of exchange, official, on London tooliny.

Present value of the Brazilian mil reis Present value of (gold). Present where of the Brazilian out reis

Present where of the Brazilian not reis

Present value of the Brazilian not reis

in U. S. con at \$1.50 per Z. 1. \$17. 11

Brazilian currency (paper ... \$5.60

Value of \$1.00 1\$4.50 per Z. 1. \$17. 11

Brazilian currency (paper ... \$5.60

Value of \$Z | sterling ... \$5\$4.50

AND THE STATE OF T

#### EXCHANGE.

BACHANGE.

March 8.—The market was a good deal demoralized, and everyone seemed inclined to change his widers into sletching, except textilunte remitters. The hanks append at 6 pill Française thinks retired, and the surface of the property of the propert

quoted on the street at 25/16s, the holes closing with out offers, or bids.

Arrali to—The lamks opened at 64%, and semething mesodone in bank sterring at 6932, an included the semigraph of the semission of the semigraph of the semigraph of the semigraph of the

mers, or mes, for severeigns, and nothing was reported on the street.

March 1.—The market was less interesting than for some days post. The Brasilianische Bank openel at 6 712, at which some of the English banks for mished hills, but spain retrief in the conress of the morning, while the other banks sustained them original rate of gra, which was flowever decidedly self other than bank sterling at of, but a demand appeared at this rate, and the market promptly declined until 6 312 for bank and 6 712 for other sterling were reported, with something dome on the street at 6 106. The market quieted down in the flower of the street at 6 106. The market quieted down in the distance of the street at 6 106. The market quieted down in the flower of the street at 6 106. The market quieted down in the distance of the street of the flower of

business was very undertactive to 12,750 (14, 10) to his without buyers, or sellers of sovereigns, on the street 19500 was quoted without buyers, or sellers of sovereigns, on the street 19500 was quoted without buyers, or sellers than for some time, and the banks found in mecessity for changing the official rate of 6, 110 diaring the day. In the morning bank sterling was principal of 5, but the bolders of bills were firm, and the banks gare way business resulting at this latter rate. Also think the bolders of bills were firm, and the banks gare way business resulting at this latter rate. Also think had a production to hank was 6, 115 couly, and some layers then appeared in 5 (11), and some layers then appeared in 5 (11), and the production to hank was 6, 115 couly, and some layers then appeared in 5 (11), and the product at 6 (11). The latter serious was very small, and the latter bears campalign, at the extremes of 6, 116 of 11, for bank and 6, 112 of the further sterling at 6 (11). The banks opened with 6 (110 of 11) of 110 of

#### Sales of Stocks and Shares

	March 8	
3 6 400\$ 43 70 19 72 50	Apolices, 58	\$20 <b>f000</b> \$19 \$0.36 1,002 770 777 820 ro.250 ro.
	Banks.	
25 25 500 200 50 771	Contracteio	2FF 865 7 500 43 45 140
15	Brazil Industrial, mill	130 18
100	MARCH 9.	820 <b>\$000</b>
15	Apolices, 5sdo	S19
30	do	816
2	do	815
ĩ	do	812
1,800	\$ do	81
1,000	do	80 1,001
3%	do 45	1,000
54	do 1895	770
54	do 1895 Eurprestimo Municipal	150
15	do regist	156
95	Apolices Espirito Santo, 6 %	730
20	deb. Leopoldina R.R., 100\$	10
100	do	9 500

		I H	EKI
	154 -13 100	Sorocabana R. R	53 560 54 56
ı			
	95	Commercio	211
	15	tio 25	8a
	50	Re jublica	149
	101	do	139
	56	do	135
		Miscellaneous.	
	120	Soroculiana, R.R	45
	85	S. Christovão, tram	155
	40	Bonanca, Insce	7 500
	96	Methorameutos no Brazil	21
		Uniño (water boals)	290
		MARCH 10.	
		Apolices, 58	895\$000
	38	rlo	810
	55	do 48	1.000
	39	do 4s	1,000 ·
	7	do 1805	770
	1	do	269
	55	Emmesting Manicipal.	150
	60	da	148
	355	deb. Sorocalama R. R.	60
	\$ 70	Banks.	
ı	50	Commercio, 28	No. 500
î	200	Constructor,	7 500
	50	Lavoura e Commercio, 28	45
	154	Renublica	137 500
	250	do	138
	* **		12.
		Miscellaneous.	
	100	Leopuldina R. R	7 500
1	110	S. Christovão, tram	155
1	100	Bottança, msce	7
	120	Prosperidade,	15, 500
1	100	Alliança, mill	175
1	100	Transporte de Café e Mercadorins	155

110	S. Christovao, tram	155
100	Bonança, msce	7
120	Prosperidade,	15.500
100	Allianca, mill	175
100	Transporte de Café e Mercadorias	159
	March ii.	
16	Applices, 58	501500
25	do	8 (2
0.25	do	8 10
1	do	795
1.003		75
21	do 48	1,000
5	do r	994
45	do	998
7	do 1845	705
4	do regist	905
5	do 1817	900
1047	* Sorocabana R. R	58
1042	do	57
168	» Brazit Industrial, mill	203
20	» Immal do Commercio	160
20	da	159
	Banks,	
50	Brazil e Loudres	16
4	Enticeionarios Publicos	25
23	Iniciador,	5
40	Republica	138
	Miscellaneous.	
251	Leopaldina R. R	7.50

50	Republica	135
90	Mraellaneous.	
	***************************************	
251	Leopaldina R. R	7 500
	3I VRCH 12.	
10	Apolices, 58	9an\$000
18	do 48	050
18	10 1595	76x+
1:0	deb Leopoldina K. R. 2005	100
80	du	99 300
203	do	90
S	* Brazil Imhistrial, mill	2013
100	» Janual da Commercio	159
50	h. n. Credito Real do Brazil	33
1	Ranks.	
25	Alliança	030
200	Classes Laboriosas	700
100	Constructor	7 500
25	Fluminense	0,10
3.2	Meridional.	030
15	Republica	135 500
1573	110	1,35
1373	Sul Agrericano.	4 750
1	THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE	

00		4.7	750
	Miscellaneous.		
	Leopoldina R. R	to 1	750
400	Bonança, jusce	10	
20	Prosperidade	10	
50	Melhoramentos no Brazil	20	
100	Geral de Serviços Maritimos, 30 %		100
26	Ind. Commercio de Papeis Pintados	26	500
140	Terjas e Virças		Digital
3.1	do 90 %		030
23	7,0		
	MARCE 14.		
69	Apolices, 58	Snos	000/5
10	do	795	
19	40	794	
20	da	794	
.51)	da	790	
6,500		7.0	
ba	do 48	950	
6,000		48	
22	do 1805	760	
25	do regist	*CK1	
174	Emprestimo Municipal	153	
- 14	Ru&s.		
		138	
335	Republicado	135	200
21		1,512	Seri
	Miscellaneous.		
5.10	Minas S. Jeronymo	180	
50	Allianca, mill	150	
100	Carioca, v	110	
500	Frienifica		320
20	Commercio e Industria		U.Ju
5	Vracao Ferrer Sapucahr	. 5	
25	Manifactora de Cirleado	- 6	JOO
-21			

SATURDA US QUOTATIONS	-S. P.U	ULO.				
	sellers.	buvers.				
Banco Commercio e Industria	290\$000	270\$000 100 000				
Mercantil de Surrios		y-100				
. S Panio	121 000	P15 000				
Urião de S Paulo (703)	30 300	26 000				
Cra Agrir e Larz	75 000	400 000				
Lupton		QO 000				
Mogyrra (all paid)	22S 000	226 .00				
, idear (40 %)		POO 000				
Panlista	290 000	250 000				
Outside Sales.						
35 Cia Mogyana (all pard dririn	g Bolsa	226 000				
100 Cia, Panlísta		260-000				

#### MARKET REPORT.

#### Exports.

Exports.

Coffee.—There has been a steady demand during the week, but American roasers have done nearly all the business reported, and the drop in exchange does not seem to see the state of the drop in exchange does not seem to be a state of the state

57 /yy bags.
The vessels sailed with coffee are:

		t'n	ited States	bags.
3	tar.	6	New York Br str Roman Prince	
		8	do Br str Buffon	27,355
		8	do Amer lug & F Pelligrew	21 160
		S	Haltimore Amer Ing Josephine	1.2 502
		- (2	New York Ger str Dalegarna	
		10	Bi'limore Amer bk Amy	
		En	rofe	
. ,	dar.	5	Mediterranean Hal str Manilla	1,509
1		6	Lisbon Porstr agambique	141
		6	Havre Fristr Canacellas	1,1,65
		~	Antwerp Br str Lbin	-30
l .		4	Mediterranean Fi str Aquitains .	
		- 11	London Br str c/tde	
		4	Medite traneau II str. Città di Gennia.	
		11	do It sir Montet idéa	2,850
		12		7,452
		El	setches e	
ì.		-	River Plate Br sir Magdalena	1,797
	M	- 1	Coastwise Sunday stramers	

Costs we smally strainers

Recipits for the past week were 2/3(1) lags, agains 75,002 bags for the preceding week and 6/681 lags for the week helpe. In transit the receptle were all the propositions of the week helpe. In transit the receptle were and per atrobs, were the following.

Mar. 7. Mar. 12. Mar. 12. Var. 12.

he agrous buy.

The 8 more market was firm during the greater part
of the week but became quiet on Saturday. Safes re
ported were sown bugs for the Printed States and
64000 bags for Larope with 4900d averages quoted at
8500 per 6850s out the third and \$500 from the 8th to
the (4th Recorpts for the week were gold) bags agr
17000 but of the form of the week were gold) bags agr
17000 but of the present of the safe of the safe

### Duffy receipts and shipments of coffee at

					R	ío i	le	Jτ	ıne	·ir	1)			
Receipts at Santos bags	I've brunge on London	N Y, spot quot, N 7	do No 8	N. Y per @	Average quot No 5.	Stock	Total shipments bags	Constance	River Plate etc		a Furope	Shipments C. States	Receipts bags	
54:		7 6 6 7	000 11	115700		256, 445	17,0,55	7-5	7,,97		47.50	Streno	7.7	Чат. 7
1. 1.	11.11.11		11 2000	0.02511		2601,129	Ĩ				103	5770	12 706	Mat. 7 Mar 8 War 9 War 10
1000			11 200	118700		615 1957	Total .				2,2%	3.730	16,140	War 9
- 1 miles	2 1/2 12		11 200	11\$700		254,252	21,252				Er.	47075	D) 215	
155	2	240	11 200	115700		281,643	12 47%	447			1.777	10,254	9 5419	Mar II Mar II Mar IV
1224		5 % 0	0.12	115700		264 705	7.057		717		1,741	4,502	10.145	Mar. D
			:	:		291,030							6,325	Mar 14
154,570	,		:	;			134.752	4 905	3,10%		32,665	91,016	142,541	fotals Totals since 1 Mar. since 1 July.
5,254,392		:	:	:		:	1, 292,465	120,158	67,463	116 216	1,057 549	1,920,739	3,453,665	Totals since ijuly

Although exchange decland steadily during the week the depreciation in the value of the currency of the depreciation in the value of the currency of the depreciation in the value of the currency of the depreciation in the value of the currency of the depreciation in the value of the currency of the depreciation of the deprec

weak exchange certainly supported coffee, prices, under supplies that have been more than free. Const-wise receipts were the factor in the supply list week, while, during the past three days, the milway has also slightly increased its supply. We have already severed the crop extinate \$5,000,000 bags, and there are still three mouths and a half to the end of the rate still three mouths and a half to the end of the seem bright. As it is known, however, that the coffees been bright has it is known, however, that the coffees bright the content of the content

hands, and hat quotations for which s, oo American in first ing T itself, and hat quotations for inheld were the following T itself with the control of the

cecules

Ripe.—Réceipts nil and dealers continue last quotatons of 22\$500 - 24\$500 per bag for Indian and 25\$000—
2\$000 for native rice

pageou for native rice.

Plich Pine. The Ruby brought new reinced to a specific period of the Pine. The Ruby brought new reinced to a specific period, at which the market does not appear prices must be short, the loss of present prices must be short,

White Pine.—Recepts nil and last quotation of sprace period is anchanged,

Sprace Pine.—There is nothing to report.

Sizedlah Pine.—Recepts all and quotations nominal

Minal

Kernsene — Dealers have sharply advanced prices
for American viz. 9500—10500 per cuse according to
quantity and conditions. The local reducty appears
to be doing nothing and there are no receipts of
American reduced.

Turpentine.-Receipts nil and fast quotations of 15200-1\$200 per kilogramme, at retail, are continued. Rasin -No changes are reported in last quotations of 23500-30500 per brl. according to quality, and receipts mit.

cerpts nil.

Cement.—The only receipts are 40 brls from Mar-settles, but we hear of no changes in dealers' quota-tions of its 200 per brl for British, 18520— 17530 for Belgian and German and 10500—255000 for French.

French.

Indian Corn—The Aquidam brought iso bag F from Buenos Aires—Bealers quote River Plate lower at 1500 of 500 μer bag, and native at 1500—105000 is about nucleanged.

Bran.—No loreign has arrived and the local mills are slift quoting at 5500 per bag.

result quoting at \$500 fer bag. Hap—Receips nill, and we may continue last quo-ations of 155—160 rs. per kilogramme, for alfapa. Coal.—Receips since our last report are: 2.10 tons per Nothambia, from Cardiff 3.29 Remark. do.

Rnm.-The receipts coastwise are 430 pipes. The last quotations firmshed were the following, viz.

Pernambuco and Maceió 2155000—2505000
Bahia anil Aracajii. 200 000—240 000
Campos 210 000—240 000
Augra and Paraty 440 000—250 000
Paraliyba 215 000—250 000

### SHIPPING NEWS.

#### ARRIVALS OF FOREIGN VESSELS.

PERSON A—BY-SUP Rub) 1335 tons; Robbins; 6) ds. pine to Ferraz Sobrinlo & Co. 313 K. 12.

BINTH-Br bg R / T. (4)s tons (Hassell, 57 ds. coal to Brazilian Corl Co.

#### DEPARTURES OF FOREIGN VESSELS.

MARCH 7.

NEW YORK-BY ship Boadteen, rest tons; Briggs; ballast.

hast.

MAK: \$.

BARTMORE—Amering Josephine; Socious; McClean, coffee

NEW YORK—Amering & F. Pelingrene; Sq. ions, Welch,

do M.4K o. BARBADOS—Br bk *Studacona*, (02) tons, Capwell; ballasi.

last.

MAR. 10.

BILLINGRE—Amer bk Amy; 605 tons. Vangkair; coffee.

BILLINGRE—A bk Auriga 800 tons; Johns; ballast.

BARDADOS—Br bk Flora, 205 tons; Ingard; do,

BARBADOS-Br bg Arbatus; 386 tors; Prelich ballast.

#### Vessels Afloat & Chartered for Rio

Ingela Schraffino	Marseilles	15 Feb.
Adding	Oporto	q Feb.
meraca	Oporto	
rgentina	at Larmiash	stratel
full and	Satilla	
Initoch	Portland	
Relievae	Pensacola	- marin
	Cardiff	to Feb.
Sellona	1.isborr	g Feb.
Wenheim	Cardiff	
Honsta		9 Feb.
Balderton (str)	Cardrff	-
Blue Star (Str)	Newport	_
abral (str)	Rangoon	27 Jan.
Claudina	Oporto	_
Tharles Dickens	Pensacola	
Concordia	Pensacola	ı Feb.
asmo	Cardiff	27 Jan-
aledonia (Str)	Rangoon	7 Feb.
Cambrus	Pensacola	7 Feb.
Duniobin (str)	Cardiff	,
Embla	Hamburg	_
Fernando	Calmar	25 Nov.
	Baltimore	49 2101,
Frances	Sabine Pass	_
Ferda	Hamburg	_
Flimt		
Hannah Blanchard	Sunderland	rs Jan.

India Joaquim Joaquim Joaquim J. H. M. Laren Kelserdala King Cruric. Asia (41). Landkrond. Landkrond. Lafdkrond.	Ship Island Hamburg Briniswick Baltimore Liverpool New York Pissengonia Rangoon Hamburg New York Pensacola	13 Jan. 7 Nov. 25 Jan. 25 Jan. 3 Feb. 29 Jan.
Maviposu	Oporto	
Mabel	Hrnuswick Pensacola	
Marabout	Pensacola	_
Nellie M. Slade	New York	-
Novmany'r	Portland	
Occident	Antwerp	7 Feb.
Prince Albert	Cardiff	
Pass of Brander	Antwerp	
Phyladelphin	1,cith	_
Ramona	Swansca	8 Feh.
Resi	Itamburg	-
Roland	Glasgow	17 Feb.
Spra	at Barhados	_
Severn (str)	Bultimore	31 Jan.
Schwauden	Hamburg	12 Feb.
Stevling	Cardiff	_
Sl. Lucie	New York	28 Jan.
Sidonian	Swausca	
Thomas Hilmrd	Liverpool	4 Feb.
Thekia	Leith	_
Vareiro	Operto	-
Wilhelm Auton	Pensacolii	
Z. Ring	Ship Island	-

#### Arrivals of foreign steamers.

DATE	NAME	FROM	CONSIGNER TO
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Nasmyth Br. Holbein Br. Aquitaine Fr. Dalecarlia Ger. Heimburg Ger. Colonia Fr. Savoia It. Northumbria Br. Clyle Br. Monthumbria Br. Clyle Br. Monthumbria Br. Clyle Br. Thousand Ger. Benwick Br. Cother Ger. Theuman Ger. Theuman Ger. Jacobs Ger. J	London* 41 dls. Liverpnot* 21 dls. Liverpnot* 22 dls. River Plate* 7 lls. Brentent 87 dls. Brentent 87 dls. Genon.* 115 dls. Genon.* 125 dls.	Norton, Megaw & Co. Kad Valais & Co. Kad Valais & Co. Kidw. Johnston & Co. Hermann Stoltz & Co. Hermann Stoltz & Co. Hermann Stoltz & Co. Hermann Stoltz & Co. Harger Irmãos. Royal Mail. La Veloce. Lage Irmãos. Koval Mail. La Veloce. Zilw. Johnston & Co. Contral Railway Eliw. Johnston & Co. do. do. do. do. do. Messageries Muritime C. Crocka & C. Crocka & C. Crocka & C.

#### Departures of foreign steamers.

#### \* Calling at intermediate ports

#### Foreign sailing vessels in the port of Rio de Janeiro, March 13th, 1898.

NAME		ARRIVED	FROM	CONSIGNEES .	
Americau					
bk Edm. Phinney lng Elmirandn bk Rose Innes	561	Feb. 11 16 Mar. 2	Rosario New York	J de Sonza & Co. Ferraz Sohrinho & Co. Levering & Co.	
Argentine			4		
lug M. B. Tower	580	Feb. 12	Rosario	G. Guilgeon & Co.	
British					
sp Macedon. sp Canuda. kh Marjory Gleu. lok R. S. Hesuard. lik Avoca. lik Avoca. lik Avoca. lik Adol. lik J. C. Hamileu J. lik Zadol. lik Zadol. lik Zadol. lik J. Hesuard. lik	1015 1200 1083 1449 1445 8%	Feb. 12 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	Hamburg Hulifax New York New York Hamburg Caribff Caspe	Gas Ca Jahn Mnore & Co. Th order To urder To order Brazilian Coal Co.	
Germuu hk Pionier	1101	Feb.	ı Hamhurg	H. Stolly & Co.	
Rulian					
bk Zefiro	646	Mar.	5 Marseilles	. A. Avenier & Co.	
Notneginn					
sp Australia	699 1154	Feh. 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4,	5 Glasgow	. B. Rodrigues & Co. V. W. Guinnaries & Co. To order Brazilian Coal Co. To order	
Portaguese					
bk Berthabk Violeta	719 650	Feb. 1	6 Valencia Oporto	Manteiro Juniar & Co Verga Pinto & Co.	
Rnssuru					
ing Latwija	21	8 Feh.	16 London	Ottoni., Silva & Co. Itime & Co. To urder	
Swelish					
lık Rlıea	Sg	i Feb.	16 Cardiff	Brazilian CoalCo.	

#### Last Quotations of Stocks and Bonds --- March 14th

Circulation	Public Funds			
262,133,000\$ 100,615,000 124,653,000 14,654,500 24,679,000 15,354,000 10,090,000 66,55,000,000 4,000,000 24,327,000	Stock s of o currency (apolic)	70.4500— 792\$100 751 0.40— 751 101 1978 0.10— 195 0.00 ——————————————————————————————————		
Capúni	Bunks	Par	Last div.	
20,000,000\$ 24,000,000 16,000,000 20,000,000 3,500,000 111,012,000 20,000,000	Commercial Commercia do aud series.  Constructor Credito Movel Lavoura e commercia Lavoura e commercia Lavoura e commercia Republica do Brazil. Rural e Hypothecario. do aud series.	200\$ 200 80 200 200 200 100 210 210 200 200 210 200 210	\$5000— Jan. 05 \$ 000— Jan. 05 \$ 2000— Jan. 98  9 000— Jan. 98 \$ 000— Jan. 05 \$ 000— Jan. 05 \$ 000— Jan. 07 \$ 000— Jan. 07 \$ 000— Jan. 07 \$ 000— Jan. 05 \$ 000— Jan. 05	210\$000 - 21\$ 180 - 21\$ 180 - 21\$ 180 - 21\$ 180 - 21\$ 180 - 21\$ 180 - 21\$ 180 - 21\$ 180 - 21\$ 20
Capital	Rathenes	Pm		
3,600,000\$ 110,000,000 16,000,000 62,000,000 24,000,000 42,000,000	Caractias a Aymorés. Leopolium Mikambinio. Oeste de Minis Oeste de Minis Constantes Cons	180\$ 200 100 200 75 200 200 40 200		
Capital	T) a mwajs	Pin	Last div.	
14,000,000\$ 12,000,000	Jardim Botanico. S. Christovão	200 <b>\$</b> 200	— — Jun. 98 — — Jun. 98	100\$000— 154 000—
Capilal	Mrits	Par	Last div.	
10,000,000\$ 6,000,000 9,000,000 9,000,000 1,200,000 1,200,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000 1,000,000	Alliança Brazi industrial. Carnoca Locario de Industrial D. Barlet Industrial Mineira Monulactora Fluminense Petropolitan S. Pedro de Alcantara.	200 \$ 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 20	Sept. 9; Feb. 98 to coor Jan. 90 10 coor Aug. 90 30 coor Jeh. 95 10 coor Feb. 93 8 coor Mar. 90 Jan. 98	180\$000— 110 000—

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NOTHMANN, Berlin.

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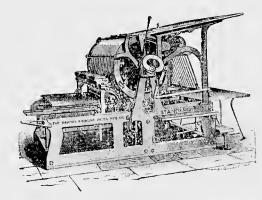
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